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<b>(71) Applicant:</b> UNIVERSITY OF WYOMING [US/US]; University Station, Box 3944, Laramie, WY 82071-3944 (US).			
<b>(72) Inventors:</b> LEWIS, Randolph, V.; 635 Howe Road, Laramie, WY 82070 (US). COLGIN, Mark; 1317 Flint Street, Laramie, WY 82070 (US).			
<b>(74) Agents:</b> MURPHY, Gerald, M., Jr. et al.; Birch, Stewart, Kolasch & Birch, P.O. Box 747, Falls Church, VA 22040-0747 (US).			
<b>(54) Title:</b> cDNAs ENCODING MINOR AMPULLATE SPIDER SILK PROTEINS			
<b>(57) Abstract</b> <p>cDNA clones encoding minor ampullate spidroin proteins (MiSP) are described. The translated amino acid sequence of the cloned cDNA shows that the MiSPs have a structure which exhibits an amino proximal nonrepetitive region, a repetitive portion and a carboxy-proximal nonrepetitive portion. The repetitive portion of the sequence is describable by a generic repeat formula. Comparison of the amino acid sequences derived from the translation with the sequences of short peptides obtained from solubilized minor ampullate spider silk suggests that the nonrepetitive portions of the protein are cleaved from the protein during secretion from the cells synthesizing the spidroins. This comparison also suggests that the minor ampullate spider silk is composed of at least three polypeptides.</p>			

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## cDNAs Encoding Minor Ampullate Spider Silk Proteins

RELATED APPLICATIONS

The present application is related to copending application USSN 07/684,819, filed April 15, 1991, the entire contents of which are hereby incorporated by reference.

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to polypeptides that form macroscopic fibers and to cloned DNA encoding such polypeptides.

The proteins are some of those which constitute silks made by spiders. Preferred embodiments of the present invention are those silk proteins made in the minor ampullate glands of the spider *Nephila clavipes*. The silks of the present invention also encompass fibers made from synthetic polypeptides of amino acid sequences derivable from the amino acid sequence of the *N. clavipes* ampullate silks or made from polypeptides expressed from cloned DNA obtained from a library of spider complementary or genomic DNA.

20 BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The orb web spiders (*Nephila*) possess six types of silk synthetic glands, two of which are the major and minor ampullate organs. The major and minor ampullate

silks are distinguishable by their physical and chemical properties.

The major ampullate (dragline) silk possesses unique physical properties, combining high tensile 5 strength and substantial elasticity [Denny, M.W. J. Exp. Biol., 65, 483-506 (1976); Lucas, F. Discovery, 25, 20-26 (1964)]. Previous investigations suggest that spider silk is composed of a single large protein, primarily containing pseudo-crystalline regions of stack  $\beta$ -pleated 10 sheet alternating with amorphous domains, [Warwicker, J.O., J.Mol.Biol., 2, 350-362 (1960); Lucase, F. et al, J.Text Inst., 46, T440-T452 (1985); Hepburn, H.R. et al., Insect Biochem., 9, 69-71 (1979)].

In fact, the major ampullate silk of *Nephila* 15 *clavipes* was found to be composed of a composite of two proteins. cDNA clones encoding both of the proteins comprising the major ampullate silk are described in copending application USSN 07/684,819. We describe herein the isolation and characterization of cDNA clones 20 encoding proteins composing minor ampullate silk.

#### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Spider silk is composed of fibers formed from 25 proteins. We have found that natural spider silk fibers are composites of two or more proteins. However, it is possible to form fibers from a single spider silk protein. In general, spider silk proteins are found to have primary amino acid sequences that can be characterized as indirect repeats of a short consensus sequence. Variation in the consensus sequence is then 30 responsible for the distinguishable properties of the different silks proteins.

Furthermore, silk fibers can be made from synthetic 35 polypeptides having amino acid sequences substantially similar to the consensus repeat unit of a silk protein or from polypeptides expressed from cloned DNA encoding a natural or engineered silk protein.

Thus, it is one object of the present invention to provide cloned DNA which encodes a spider silk protein. The cloned DNA is preferably obtained from an orb web spider (*Nephila*). Cloned cDNA from the minor ampullate 5 gland of *Nephila clavipes* is described in detail below.

Naturally occurring spider silk proteins have an imperfectly repetitive structure. However, the imperfection in the repetition is likely to be a consequence of the process by which the silk protein 10 genes evolved, rather than a requirement for fiber formation. The imperfection in repetition is thus likely to only subtly affect the characteristics of the fibers which form from the aggregation of the protein molecules. Accordingly, it is a second object of the 15 present invention to provide cloned DNA encoding an engineered spider silk protein comprising a polypeptide having direct repeats of a unit amino acid sequence. Alternatively, the cDNA may include several different unit amino acid sequences to form a "copolymer" silk 20 protein.

It is a third object of the invention to provide a spider silk protein expressed from a cloned DNA, wherein the cloned DNA is either one obtained from a spider ampullate gland cDNA, a genomic DNA, or synthetic DNA.

Finally, it is an additional object of the present invention to provide fibers made from silk protein obtained by expression of cloned DNA.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Figure 1A-1F shows the nucleotide and the amino 30 acid sequence translation of the insert from pMISS1.

Figure 2A-2D shows the nucleotide and the amino acid sequence translation of the portions of the insert from pMISS2 that have been sequenced. 2A shows 309 nucleotides at the 5' end of pMISS2. 2B shows 165 35 nucleotides of the PstI fragment 4 (see Figure 4). 2C, 2D show the 870 nucleotides at the 3' end of the insert

in pMISS2.

Figure 3A-3C shows the nucleotide and the amino acid sequence translation of the portions of the inserts from the 11-1 and 11-2 clones (pMISS3) that have been sequenced. 3A shows 165 nucleotides from the forward primer of the 11-1 clone. 3B shows 240 nucleotides from the reverse primer of the 11-1 clone. 3C shows 146 nucleotides from the forward primer of the 11-2 clone.

Figure 4 shows the alignment of the amino acid sequences of the nonrepetitive regions of MiSP1 and MiSP2.

Figure 5 shows a restriction map of the pMISS1 insert cDNA.

Figure 6 shows a restriction map of the pMISS2 insert cDNA. Beneath the restriction map is a schematic showing the portions of the insert that have been sequenced.

Figure 7 shows a flow chart description of the synthesis of the pET19b-16 vector. Restriction sites are designated as: B, Bsp E1; E, Eco RV; S, Sca I; X, Xma I.

Figure 8A-8B shows analysis of the purification of a synthetic spider silk protein expressed from the pET19b-16 vector. 8A shows analysis of the crude lysate at 1, 2 and 4 hours post-induction. 8B shows analysis of the protein purified by  $\text{Ni}^{2+}$  affinity purification.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

Studies in our laboratory have established that the major ampullate silk is composed of two distinct proteins. The major ampullate silk proteins possess the secondary structure predicted by Warwick and others. The primary structure of the major ampullate silk proteins is characterized by indirect repeat of a discrete repeat unit. The sequence of the repeat unit is different for each of the proteins comprising the major ampullate silk.

The *Nephila minor* ampullate silk can be distinguished from the *Nephila major* ampullate silk by both physical and chemical properties. In contrast to the elasticity exhibited by the major ampullate silk, 5 the minor ampullate silk is observed to yield without recoil. The minor silk will stretch about 25% of its initial length before breaking, exhibiting a tensile strength of nearly 100,000 psi. The amino acid composition of solubilized minor ampullate silk also 10 differs from that of solubilized major ampullate silk.

Like the major ampullate silk proteins (major spidroin 1, MaSP1; major spidroin 2, MaSP2), the proteins comprising minor ampullate silk are found to have a primary structure dominated by imperfect 15 repetition of a short sequence of amino acids. A "unit repeat" constitutes one such short sequence. Thus, the primary structure of the spider silk proteins is considered to consist mostly of a series of small variations of a unit repeat. The unit repeats in the 20 naturally occurring proteins are often distinct from each other. That is, there is little or no exact duplication of the unit repeats along the length of the protein. However, synthetic spider silks can be made wherein the primary structure of the protein can be 25 described as a number of exact repetitions of a single unit repeat. Additional synthetic spider silks can be described as a number of repetitions of one unit repeat together with a number of repetitions of a second unit repeat. Such a structure would be similar to a typical 30 block copolymer. Of course, unit repeats of several different sequences can also be combined.

An alternative way to describe the primary structure of spider silk proteins is to consider a "consensus" sequence that is derived from an alignment 35 of the unit repeats. Such a consensus sequence is the length of most of the unit repeats and accounts for the variation at each position of the unit repeat by

including the residue most common at each position. For the MaSP2 protein, the consensus sequence derived is GPGQQGPGGYGPGQQGPGSGPGSAAAAAAAAGPGGY (see Table 2).

Cloned DNA of the present invention includes 5 sequences shown in Figures 1A-1F, 2A-2C and 3A-3C. The cloned DNA of the present invention also includes DNA molecules made from *Nephila* DNA or RNA templates by PCR or the like, using primers made from sequences shown in Figures 1A-1F, 2A-2C and 3A-3C. Finally, cloned DNA of 10 the present invention also encompasses polynucleotides which can hybridize to DNA having sequences shown in Figures 1A-1F, 2A-2C and 3A-3C under hybridization conditions typically used for library screening and Southern blotting. Preferably such hybridization 15 conditions are those obtained by a solution of 6X SSC or SSPE, 5X Denhardt's solution, 0.5% SDS at a temperature of about 68°C, or those obtained by the same solution that is also 50% in formamide at a temperature of about 42°C. Alternatively, the hybridization conditions are 20 those wherein the temperature is about 15-20°C below the  $T_m$  calculated for the solution conditions. [See, J. Sambrook et al., Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual, 2nd ed., pp. 9.47 - 9.58, c. 1989 by Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring Harbor, NY.].

25 The polypeptides of the present invention can be made by direct synthesis or by expression from cloned DNA. The means for expressing cloned DNA are generally known in the art. However, there are some 30 considerations for design of expression vectors that are unusual for expressing DNA encoding the spider silk proteins of the present invention.

First, the proteins are highly repetitive in their structure. Accordingly, cloned DNA should be propagated and expressed in host cell strains that will maintain 35 repetitive sequences in extrachromosomal elements (e.g. SURE™ cells, Stratagene). Also, due to the high content of alanine, glycine, proline, and glutamine, it might be

advantageous to use a host cell which overexpresses tRNA for these amino acids.

The proteins of the present invention can otherwise be expressed using vectors providing for high level transcription, fusion proteins allowing affinity purification through an epitope tag, and the like. The hosts can be either bacterial or eukaryotic. It is considered that yeast, especially *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*, or insect cells might be advantageous eukaryotic hosts.

Fibrillar aggregates will form by spontaneous self-assembly of spider silk proteins when the protein concentration exceeds a critical value. The aggregates can be gathered and mechanically spun into macroscopic fibers according to the method of O'Brien et al. [I. O'Brien et al., "Design, Synthesis and Fabrication of Novel Self-Assembling Fibrillar Proteins", in Silk Polymers: Materials Science and Biotechnology, pp. 104 - 117, Kaplan, Adams, Farmer and Viney, eds., c. 1994 by American Chemical Society, Washington, D.C.].

The following examples are provided to illustrate the invention in more detail. The examples are not to be taken as limiting the invention, the scope of which is rather defined by the claims following.

25 Example I: cDNA Clones Encoding Minor  
Ampullate Silk Proteins

The minor ampullate glands are small, J-shaped organs located in the abdomen of the spider. The minor ampullate glands (about 20) were removed from a number of spiders and frozen in liquid nitrogen. Total RNA was prepared from the frozen tissue by standard methods. cDNA was prepared from the total RNA using the RIBOCLONE™ system (Promega). The synthesis method was modified slightly by using pseudorandom hexamers in addition to the NotI primer-adapter in the primer extension steps. The pseudorandom hexamers were

synthesized having the sequence (A or T) (G or C) (G or C) (A or T) (G or C) (G or C). Such hexamers reflect the sequence bias in the minor ampullate silk proteins (minor spidroins, MiSP) we hypothesized would be imposed by repetition of alanine and glycine residues, which are found in large proportion in the amino acid composition of solubilized minor ampullate silk. We anticipated that so biasing the primer composition would enrich the library in long cDNAs encoding MiSP proteins.

10 The cDNA thus synthesized was ligated to appropriately digested pGEM3Zf(-) plasmid (Promega) and the ligation mixture was used to transform SURE™ *E. coli* cells (Stratagene). Plasmid DNA was prepared from randomly selected transformed colonies and the insert 15 DNA was partially sequenced, using the forward and reverse primers provided by the supplier (Promega), that are complementary to the vector sequence near the insert. Clones having inserts encoding highly repetitive sequences were examined in greater detail 20 with respect to insert size. Clones having an insert size greater than 1.5 kbp were sequenced in their entirety.

25 The entire insert of the pMISS1 (encoding MiSP1) has been sequenced. The nucleotide sequence and the resulting translation are shown in Figure 1. A restriction map is shown as Figure 5. The region from nucleotides 96-137 is represented as indeterminate. That portion of the cDNA is found to have a much higher GC content than the remainder of the sequence. As a 30 result, that portion of the nucleotide sequence has not been resolved due to "compression" observed in the electrophoresis step. pMISS1 contains an open reading frame beginning with the ATG start codon at nucleotides 183-185. The open reading frame encodes a 5'- 35 nonrepetitive region, an indirect repetitive region and a 3'-nonrepetitive region. The 5'-nonrepetitive region contains a sequence of about 16 residues (amino acids

2-17) that conforms to secretion signal sequences. The presence of the leader peptide suggests that the MiSP1 protein is processed and secreted through the endoplasmic reticulum.

5 Table 1 shows the MiSP1 amino acid sequence formatted to show the 13 unit repeats of the MiSP1 protein.

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Table 1

Minor Ampullate Spidroin 1 Residues 92-706, showing alignment of unit repeats:

5

GAAGAGGYGRGAG-----GYGGQGGYGAGAGAGAAAAAA

GAGAGGAGGYGRGAGAGAGAAAGAGAGAGAGAGGGAGYGGQGGYGAGAGAGAAAAAA

GAGAGGAGGYGRGAGAGAGAAAGAGA-----GGYGGQGGYGAGAGAGAAAAAA

GAGSGGAGGYGRGAGAGAGAAAGAGAGA--GSYGGQGGYGAGAGAGAAAAAA

10

GAGAGGAGGYGRGAGAGAGAGAAARAGAGAGG-----AAAAA

GAGAGGAGGYGRGAGAGAGAAAGAGAGA-----GGYGGQSGYGAGAG--AAAAA

GAGAGGAGGYGRGAGAGAGAAAGAGAGAAAGAGAGGGYGGQGGYGAGAGAGAAAAA

GAGAGGAGGYGRGAGAGAGAAAGAGAG-----GYGGQGGYGAGAGAGAAAAA

-TGAGGAGGYGRGAGAGAGAAAGAGAGAGTGAGYGGQGGYGAGAGAGAAAAA

15

GAGAGGAG-YGRGAGAGAGAAAGAGAGAAAGAGAGAGAGGGYGGQGGYGAGARAGAAAAA

GAGAGGAAGYSRGGRAGAAGAGAGAAAGAGAGAGAGGGYGGQGGYGAGAGAGAAAAA

GAGSGGAGGYGRGAGAGAAAGAGAGAAAGAGAGAGAGGGYGGQGGYGAGAGAGAAAAA

GAGAGRGGYGRGAGAGGYGGQGGYGAGAGAGAAAAA

- added for purposes of alignment

20

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Each repeat is a variation of the consensus amino acid sequence

RGAAGAAGAGAGAAAGAGAGAGAGAGGGYGGQGGYGAGAGAGAAAAAGAGAGGGAGGYG.

This repetitive region can be described as a mixture of 5 two types of units, (1) dimers of alanine separated by glycine residues, and (2) dimers of glycine separated by tyrosine or glutamine residues. It is thus distinguishable from the consensus sequence of the MaSP2 protein, which can be characterized as predominantly 10 dimers of glycine or glutamine separated by proline or tyrosine residues.

Alternatively, the majority of the amino acid sequence of the MiSP1 protein can be described by a repeat unit having the generic formula:

15  $(GR)(GA)_l(A)_m(GGX)_n(GA)_l(A)_m$

where X is tyrosine, glutamine or alanine and

where l = 1 to 6, m = 0 to 4 and n = 1 to 4.

This finding is similar to what was observed for the 20 MaSP1 and MaSP2 proteins, which exhibit the generic formulas:

MiSP1:

$(XGG)_w(XGA)(GXG)_x(AGA)y(G)_zAG$

where X is tyrosine or glutamine

and where w = 2-3, x = 1-3, y = 5-7, and z = 1 or 25 2.

MiSP2:

$(GPG_2YGPQ_2)_a(X)_2S(A)_b$

where X = GPG or GPS

and where a = 2 or 3 and b = 7 to 10.

30 Inspection of the amino acid sequence of MiSP1 shows that, for the most part, the protein can be viewed as a derivatized polyamide. Accordingly, polypeptide having the less complex generic formula:



where X is tyrosine, glutamine or alanine and where l = 1 to 6, m = 0 to 4 and n = 1 to 4,

would also be expected to have many of the properties of 5 the MiSP1 protein.

The 3'-nonrepetitive coding region of pMISS1 encodes a 96 amino acid spider silk consensus sequence that is 50% and 49% identical to the 3'-nonrepetitive regions of MaSP1 and MaSP2, respectively. The coding 10 region ends at nucleotide position 2634 with a TAA stop codon. The 3' untranslated region of pMISS1 contains a poly(A) tail.

The majority of the pMISS2 (encoding MiSP2) cDNA has been sequenced. The insert in pMISS2 is 1.6 kbp in 15 length, of which 1344 nucleotides have been determined. The nucleotide sequence and translation of the completed portions of the DNA sequence are shown in Figure 2. Figure 6 shows a restriction map of the pMISS2 clone and indicates what portions of the cDNA insert have been 20 sequenced. pMISS2 contains an open reading frame beginning at the 5' end of the insert that does not begin with a methionine. This result strongly suggests that the pMISS2 cDNA lacks nucleotides encoding the amino terminus of the MiSP2 protein. The pMISS2 cDNA, 25 like the pMISS1 cDNA encodes a 5'-nonrepetitive region, a repetitive region and a 3'-nonrepetitive region. The 5'- and 3'- nonrepetitive regions of MiSP1 and MiSP2 are aligned in Figure 4. In contrast to MiSP1, the unit repeat that characterizes the repetitive region in MiSP2 30 is cryptic. As no clear unit repeat is yet distinguishable, no consensus repeat unit is yet derived. However, it is clear from inspection of the repetitive portion of MiSP2 that it is distinguishable from the repetitive portion of MiSP1.

35 Another pair of clones, designated 11-1 and 11-2, respectively (collectively pMISS3), are independent

isolates of the same cDNA and are found to encode a third minor ampullate silk polypeptide (MiSP3). 11-1 contains a 2 kbp insert; 11-2 contains a 1.5 kbp insert. Partial nucleotide sequences have been obtained from 5 both of these clones to date. The nucleotide sequences and translations thereof are presented as Figures 3A-3C.

Three different types of N-bromosuccinimide (NBS) peptides from minor ampullate silk have been purified. The first type of peptide has the amino acid sequence 10 GGQGGY. The second type of peptides have a sequence encompassed by the generic formula (GA)<sub>n</sub>, where n=3.5, 4.5, or 8.5. The third type of peptides have the sequence (G)<sub>n</sub>, where n=6 or 9. The pMISS1, pMISS2, and pMISS3 clones all encode the GGQGGY peptide and some 15 variation of the (GA)<sub>n</sub> peptide. However, none of the isolated cDNAs, so far as they have been characterized to date, encode a (G)<sub>n</sub> peptide. Since pMISS1 has been completely sequenced, except for a small region of 42 nucleotides in a highly compressed region (high GC 20 content) and does not contain the (G)<sub>n</sub> peptide, the minor ampullate silk must contain at least two proteins. Furthermore, while portions of the nonrepetitive 25 regions of MiSP2 are identical to parts of the nonrepetitive regions MiSP1, the nonrepetitive regions of the two proteins are different. Also, the repetitive regions are different of MiSP1 and MiSP2 are distinguishable (see below). Although nonrepetitive portions have not yet been found in MiSP3, the repeats encoded by the 11-series isolates are distinguishable 30 from the repeats of both MiSP1 and MiSP2 on two bases: (1) the spacing between Gln residues is only about one-half that seen in MiSP1 and MiSP2, and (2) Phe residues occasionally precede the GGQGGY sequence whereas a Tyr 35 always precedes the GGQGGY sequence in MiSP1. Thus, the minor ampullate gland produces a silk comprised of at least three proteins.

Example 2: Expression of a cDNA Encoding a Polypeptide Comprising the MaSP2 consensus sequence

In order to demonstrate expression of an engineered spider silk protein, the consensus sequence from the 5 MaSP2 protein (USSN 07/684,819 was cloned into an *E. coli* expression vector. The consensus sequence was determined, using the considerations described above, from the alignment of the unit repeats of the MaSP2 protein. Table 2 shows the alignment of the unit 10 repeats of the MaSP2 protein.

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Table 2

Alignment of Unit Repeats of the MaSP2 Protein

15 GPGQQGPGGYGPGQQGP--SGPGSAAAAAAAAA-----GPGGYGPGQQGPGGY  
GPGQQGPGRYGPGQQGP--SGPGSAAAAAA-----GSGQQGPGGY  
GPRQQGPGGYGQGQQGP--SGPGSAAAASAAASAESGQQGPGGYGPQQGPGGY  
GPGQQGPGGYGPGQQGP--SGPGSAAAAAAAS-----GPGQQGPGGY  
GPGQQGPGGYGPGQQGP--SGPGSAAAAAAAS-----GPGQQGPGGY  
GPGQQGPGGYGPGQQGL--SGPGSAAAAAA-----  
20 GPGQQGPGGYGPGQQGP--SGPGSAAAAAAAAA-----GPGGY  
GPGQQGPGGYGPGQQGP--SGAGSAAAAAA-----GPGQQGLGGY  
GPGQQGPGGYGPGQQGPGGYGPGSASAAAAAA-----  
GPGQQGPGGYGPGQQGP--SGPGSASAAAAAAA-----GPGGY  
GPGQQGPGGYAPGQQGP--SGPGSASAAAAAAA-----GPGGY  
25 GPGQQGPGGYAPGQQGP--SGPGSASAAAAAASA-----GPGGY

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The synthesis of the expression vector is described below and shown schematically in Figure 7.

Two synthetic oligonucleotides were synthesized:

1) an 84 base oligonucleotide, named S2long  
5 5'-TCTAGCCGGGTGGCTATGGTCCTGGACAGCAAGGTCTGGCGGTTACGGTCC  
TGCCAACAGGGTCCCTCTGGTCCAGGCAGT-3'

2) a 59 base oligonucleotide, named S2short  
5'-TCCGGACCTGCTGCGGCGGCTGCGGCAGCTGCACTGCC  
TGGACCAGAGGGACCCTGTTG- 3'

10 These oligonucleotides were designed to hybridize to each other in a 27 base region of complementarity, on the 3' end of each respective oligonucleotide. When the rest of the bases were filled in by VENT™ polymerase (New England Biolabs) and the product digested with Xma I (recognition site-CCCGGG), a double-stranded segment of DNA resulted which encoded the basic repetitive unit 15 of MaSP2 (in single letter amino acid code):

PGGYGPGQQGPGGYGPGQQGPGPSGPGSAAAAAAAG

20 The DNA segment, with an Xma I cut on the 5' end (with respect to the coding strand) and the other end blunt but containing a Bsp EI site, was ligated into pBLUESCRIPT™ II (Stratagene) which had been double digested with Xma I and Eco RV and agarose gel purified, thus giving a directional cloning with the inserted 25 segment in frame with the lac I gene of pBLUESCRIPT™ II. It is important to note for the strategy explained later that Xma I and Bsp E I have compatible, nonregenerable overlaps. That is, DNA cut with these enzymes can be ligated, but the ligation will not regenerate either 30 site. The ligated DNA was subjected to Eco RI digestion to reduce background (the Xma I, Eco RV digest of the vector eliminated the unique Eco RI site of pBLUESCRIPT™

II) and used to transform competent SURE™ *E. coli* cells (Stratagene).

Twelve white colonies (indicating inserts were present in the plasmid) resulted which were screened by 5 digesting plasmid DNA obtained from the colonies (SCREENMAX™, J.T. Baker) with BssHII to release the insert. The insert sizes were determined by agarose gel electrophoresis.

Four colonies contained inserts of the predicted 10 size. Plasmid DNA was prepared from those colonies by SCREENMAX™ and subjected to sequencing. One colony harbored a plasmid (hereafter referred to as pS2U) containing an insert that was usable, although its structure was not exactly as designed. The ninth base of 15 S2short was changed to a G, most likely a result of a synthesis error, although the difference may also have been a mistake incorporated by the polymerase or a mutation occurring during the cloning manipulations. In addition, the first base of S2short is missing (or the 20 first base of the Eco RV site, it is impossible to determine which). This could be due to nonspecific nuclease activity in restriction enzymes used to perform the recombinant DNA manipulations. However, these 25 changes are not critical, since the G appears in a wobble position in the coding sequence, and the alteration of the blunt end ligation site may even have provided some advantages, putting several codons for arginine directly after the MiSP2 sequence.

The insert was doubled, except for the additional 30 arginine encoding codons, by manipulation of the restriction sites imbedded by design at the ends of the unit consensus sequence as well as a unique Sca I site in the ampicillin resistance gene of pBLUESCRIPT™ II (See Figure 7). Plasmid from a miniprep is digested 35 with Sca I, then divided into two aliquots. One aliquot is digested with Xma I and the other with Bsp E I. The digests are electrophoresed on 0.8% soft agarose, and

the appropriate bands excised with a razor blade, and the DNA extracted using the standard procedure provided with  $\beta$ -agarase (New England Biolabs). The Sca I-Xma I segment containing one copy of the unit is then ligated  
5 to the Sca I-Bsp EI segment also containing one copy of the unit, thus effectively doubling the insert size while keeping both units in frame and regenerating the ampicillin resistance. This strategy can be repeated to derive any number of repeats of the unit desired (until  
10 secondary structure or insert size interferes). Thus an engineered vector encoding a polypeptide comprising 16 repeats of the MaSP2 consensus sequence was constructed in pBLUESCRIPT<sup>TM</sup> II.

15 The insert encoding 16 repeating units of the MaSP2 consensus sequence was placed in pET19b by cutting the HincII site of pBLUESCRIPT<sup>TM</sup> (creating a blunt end) then ligating a Bam H1 linker of the appropriate size to that end. The fragment was then subjected to Bam H1 cleavage, which cut at both ends, due to the presence of a Bam H1 site in pBLUESCRIPT<sup>TM</sup> a few bases 5' of the insert. This  
20 5' Bam H1 site was engineered to be in frame with the Bam H1 insertion site of the pET system of vectors (Novagen). As noted below, the pET vector system allows affinity purification of expressed proteins using  
25 affinity recognition of a polyhistidine leader sequence attached to the desired protein. The insert was agarose gel purified, ligated into Bam H1-cut, phosphatased pET19b and the result used to transform competent SURE<sup>TM</sup> *E. coli* (Stratagene). The resultant colonies were  
30 screened and the orientation of the inserts determined by restriction digest. Clones with properly oriented inserts were then used for expression experiments.

35 BL31 DE3 *E. coli* (Novagen) were transformed with a plasmid having the insert in the desired orientation (pET19b-16) and plated on LB agarose plates containing chloramphenicol and carbenicillin. Antibiotic resistant colonies were picked and grown in LB medium containing

chloramphenicol and carbenicillin to an OD<sub>600</sub> of about 0.8. One mL of the resulting inoculum was saved as a freezer stock. Inoculum cultures should be grown to OD<sub>600</sub> of 0.8 or less, in order to maintain antibiotic 5 selection pressure.

Five mL of the inoculum was used to inoculate 50 mL of LB containing the antibiotics. When the OD<sub>600</sub> reached 0.8, the cells were collected by centrifugation and resuspended in 50 mL of fresh medium. The resuspended 10 culture was diluted into 500 mL of LB containing the antibiotics and culture was continued until the OD<sub>600</sub> reached 0.8. IPTG was added to a concentration of 0.8 mM to initiate expression of the synthetic spider silk gene.

15 After four hours, the cells were collected by centrifugation and resuspended in a lysis buffer modified from the method of Sambrook et al. (50 mM Tris-Cl (pH 8.0), 10 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, 100 mM NaCl), and lysed with 20 lysozyme in the presence of PMSF according to Sambrook et al. [J. Sambrook et al., Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual, 2nd ed., pp. 17.23-17.44, c. 1989 by Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring Harbor, NY.].

25 The MaSP2 consensus polypeptide was purified from the lysate by affinity purification using a Ni<sup>2+</sup> column, as described by the technical manual provided by the manufacturer (Novagen). The divalent metal complexes 30 the polyhistidine leader sequence encoded by the pET vector. A single step affinity purification provided the desired fusion protein at 95% purity.

For cleavage of the polyhistidine leader peptide, the eluant from the affinity column was dialysed against distilled water for 24 hours to remove salts. The solution was made to 25 mM in ammonium bicarbonate and 35 TPCK-treated trypsin was added to 1/20 the amount of the protein content of the eluate by weight. The digestion reaction was incubated at 37°C for 4 hours. An

additional aliquot of trypsin was added and the incubation was continued for an additional 4 hours. The leader peptide fragment was separated from the synthetic spider silk polypeptide by gel filtration chromatography 5 on SEPHADEX™ G-50. Figure 8 shows the results obtained using the above-described system. Approximately 10 mg of the MiSP2 consensus polypeptide are obtained from a 500 mL culture. The molecular weight of 58 kDa is the expected molecular weight for the polypeptide having a 10 sequence of 16 repeats of the MiSP2 consensus sequence.

Example 3: A Generalized Method for Preparing Vectors  
for Expression of Spider Silk Protein Consensus  
Polypeptides

Following is a general method for generating 15 artificial genes for any repetitive protein that contains polyalanine stretches. The method can thus be applied to express a protein comprising the consensus polypeptide of any of the major or minor ampullate spidroin proteins described herein.

20 The method employs two particular restriction enzymes, Sfi I and AlwN I (recognition sites shown below):

Sfi I : GGCCNNNN/NGGCC AlwN I : CAGNNN/CTG

An oligomer is designed such that a Bam HI site is in 25 frame with and immediately precedes an Sfi I site. The Bam H I site will also be in frame with the pET system of vectors which are used for expression. However, the manipulations which are needed to produce multiple copies of the artificial unit will not involve this 30 site, since it is 5' to the Sfi I site. Sfi I and AlwN I are used as the primary enzymes for manipulations for unit multiplication because the recognition sequences of both of these enzymes can (1) code for polyalanine stretches (see below) and (2) can form a pair of 35 compatible, nonregenerable sites.

20

Two oligonucleotides are designed that will reverse complement each other on their 3' ends, allowing hybridization. The first contains the Bam HI site, followed (in frame) by the Sfi I site representing the polyalanine region of MiSP1, followed by DNA encoding approximately two-thirds of the repetitive portion of MiSP1. The second oligonucleotide will be the anti-coding strand of MiSP1, starting with an AlwN I site and encoding approximately two-thirds of the repetitive region.

The simple diagram below shows the intended overlap of the the oligonucleotides and the placement of the restriction enzymes sites.

5' B-S-----  
-----A 5'

After hybridization, the overhanging ends are filled with VENT™ polymerase. The resultant double-stranded product is digested with Bam H I and, after agarose gel purification, cloned into a Bam H I cut, Eco R V cut pBLUESCRIPT™ II vector. This ligation mixture is digested with Eco R I (to reduce background) and used to transform competent SURE™ *E. coli* cells. Plasmid DNA is prepared from resulting colonies and screened first for insert size, then sequenced to determine if the insert is properly integrated.

To double the insert to appropriate size, double digests with Sca I (found in the Amp' gene of 30 BLUESCRIPT<sup>TM</sup>) and either Sfi I or AlwN I are performed and the resultant fragments gel purified. The 5' Sca I-Sfi I-AlwN I 3' fragment of the Sca I + AlwN I digest is ligated to the 5' Sfi I-AlwN I-Sca I 3' fragment from the Sca I + Sfi I digest. This will regenerate a

functional pBLUESCRIPT™ II which will include a doubled artificial gene. Since Sfi I and AlwN I ends are compatible they will ligate, but the resulting splice site will not regenerate a recognition site for either 5 enzyme. This allows the doubling to be extended to 4-, 8-, 16-, and higher multimers of the original insert.

The final vector+multimer can then be cut with Hinc II, ligated with Bam H I linkers of an appropriate length, cut with Bam H I to liberate the insert, and 10 cloned directly into the pET system of vectors for expression.

**Example 4: Optimization of Expression of DNA  
Encoding Spider Silk Proteins**

In order to increase the yield of spider silk 15 proteins expressed from cloned DNA in bacteria, the above-described culture methods can be modified. In particular, due to the large proportion of glycine, alanine, glutamine and proline in the proteins, supplementation of the culture medium used to grow cells 20 for expression with these amino acids is expected to allow increased yield of the spider silk protein. Also, the culture density can be increased by use of high-density fermentation methods standard in the art [See, e.g. Reisenburg et al., *Applied Microbiology and 25 Biotechnology* 34:77 (1990); Alberghina et al., *Applied Microbiology and Biotechnology* 34:82 (1990)]. For instance, increasing the OD<sub>600</sub> at which expression is initiated from 0.8 to 20 would be expected to produce a concomittant increase in yield from 20 mg/L to 480 mg/L.

30 The vector used to support replication of the cloned DNA and to drive its expression can also be changed. The basic pET system described above is available from the supplier (Novagen) in many variations. One characteristic which makes the pET system advantageous 35 is that expression of inserts in the pET vectors is very tightly regulated. Very little of the cloned DNA is

expressed until transcription of the insert DNA is induced. When transcription is induced, additional elements of the pET vector inhibit production of host cell proteins, thereby putting most of the protein synthetic resources of the cell to work to make protein encoded by the insert DNA.

5 However, the use of chloramphenicol and carbenicillin resistance to provide selection pressure is disadvantageous for high-level expression of 10 proteins. Accordingly, use of a different antibiotic selection, e.g. kanamycin resistance, is expected to provide increased yields of protein by expression of DNA cloned in pET vectors.

15 Another advantage of the system used in the present case is that the polyhistidine leader peptide provides an affinity purification method that can be used even in the presence of chaotropic agents. This would allow purification of spider silk proteins fused to such a polyhistidine sequence which might be made in "inclusion 20 bodies", aggregates of insoluble protein, that require harsh solubilization procedures prior to purification.

25 The host cell strain used for expression can also be optimized. Cells having a high level of tRNA for Ala, Gln, Gly and Pro codons could be made and used for expression of spider silk proteins. Also, the cellular protease complement of the cells can be manipulated to minimize degradation of the expressed protein.

30 It is considered that the spider silk proteins of the present invention can be expressed in appropriately engineered insect cells, using commonly available baculovirus vectors.

Example 5: Preparation of Fibers From  
Spider Silk Proteins

As noted above, the spider silk proteins can be 35 viewed as derivatized polyamides. Accordingly, the methods for producing fiber from soluble spider silk

proteins is similar to that used to produce typical polyamide fibers, e.g. nylons, and the like.

O'Brien et al. [*supra*] describe fiber production from adenovirus fiber proteins. In a typical fiber 5 production, the spider silk proteins are solubilized in a strongly polar solvent. The protein solution is typically greater than 5% in protein concentration. The solution is preferably between 8 and 20% in protein.

Fibers are preferably spun from solutions 10 demonstrating properties indicating a liquid crystal phase. The concentration at which the phase transition will occur is different for particular polypeptide compositions. However, the phase transition can be monitored by observing the clarity and birefringence of 15 the solution. Onset of the a liquid crystal phase is detected by a translucent appearance of the solution and the observation of birefringence when the solution is viewed through crossed polarizing filters.

The solvent used to dissolve the spider silk protein 20 is preferably highly polar. Such solvents are exemplified by di- and tri- haloacetic acids, haloalcohols (e.g. hexafluoroisopropanol). In some instances, co-solvents such as acetone are useful. Also, solutions of chaotropic agents, such as lithium 25 thiocyanate, guanadine thiocyanate or urea can be used.

In one fiber-forming technique, fibers are first extruded from the protein solution through an orifice into methanol, until a length sufficient to be picked up by a mechanical means is produced. Then the fiber is 30 pulled by such mechanical means through the methanol solution, collected and dried. The methods for drawing fibers are considered well-known in the art. Fibers made from the 58 kDa synthetic MaSP consensus polypeptide, described in Example 2, for instance, can 35 be drawn by methods similar to those used for drawing low molecular weight nylons.

The invention being thus described, various

modifications of the materials and methods disclosed herein will be apparent to one of skill in the art. Such modifications are to be considered encompassed by the scope of the invention described by the claims 5 below. Articles of the scientific and patent literature cited herein are incorporated by reference in their entirety by such citation.

## SEQUENCE LISTING

## (1) GENERAL INFORMATION:

- (i) APPLICANT: Lewis, Randolph V.  
Colgin, Mark
- (ii) TITLE OF INVENTION: cDNAs Encoding Minor Ampullate Spider  
Silk Proteins
- (iii) NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 56
- (iv) CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
  - (A) ADDRESSEE: Birch, Stewart, Kolasch & Birch
  - (B) STREET: P.O. Box 747
  - (C) CITY: Falls Church
  - (D) STATE: Virginia
  - (E) COUNTRY: USA
  - (F) ZIP: 22040-3487
- (v) COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
  - (A) MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
  - (B) COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
  - (C) OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
  - (D) SOFTWARE: PatentIn Release #1.0, Version #1.25
- (vi) CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
  - (A) APPLICATION NUMBER: US 08/209,747
  - (B) FILING DATE: 14-MAR-1994
  - (C) CLASSIFICATION:
- (viii) ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
  - (A) NAME: Murphy Jr., Gerald M.
  - (B) REGISTRATION NUMBER: 28,977
  - (C) REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 1447-104P
- (ix) TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
  - (A) TELEPHONE: 703-205-8000
  - (B) TELEFAX: 703-205-8050

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:1:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 2793 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Nephila clavipes
  - (F) TISSUE TYPE: minor ampullate gland
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
  - (B) LOCATION: 183..2675
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product= "N. clavipes minor  
ampullate silk protein"
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:1:

ACATACTAGG TTTGGTGCCG GAGCTGGAGC TGGTACGTCT GTGCAGAAAT ACTTTGCACA	60
TCACTTCTCC AATTGCTTCT CGGGTATTTG TCAAATGATT AGTTCTACAA CTTCTACTGA	120
TCATGCAGTA AGTGTGCTA CGAGCGTTGC GCTGAAGTCA GCTTGGACTT GATGCAAATG	180
CTATGAACAA CTTACTAGGT GCCGTTAGTG GATATGTTTC GACACTAGGC AACGCTATTT	240
CTGATGCTTC GGCATACGCA AATGCTCTT CTTCCGCTAT AGGAAATGTG TTAGCTAATT	300
CCGGTTCAAT TAGCGAAAGC ACTGCATCTT CTGCTGCTTC CAGTGCTGCT TCTTCAGTCA	360
CTACAACTTT GACGTCTTAT GGACCAGCTG TATTTACGC ACCTTCTGCA TCATCTGGAG	420
GCTATGGAGC TGGAGCTGGA GCTGTTGCTG CAGCAGGAGC TGCCGGCGCT GGAGGTTACG	480
GAAGAGGTGC TGGAGGCTAC GGTGGACAAG GAGGATATGG TGCCGGAGCC GGAGCTGGTG	540
CTGCTGCAGC TGCTGGAGCA GGAGCCGGAG GCGCTGGTGG TTACGGTAGA GGTGCTGGTG	600
CTGGAGCTGG TGCGGCTGCT GGGCAGGTG CAGGCGCCGG TGGTGTGGA TATGGTGGAC	660
AAGGCGGATA TGGTGCCGGA GCAGGAGCTG GTGCGGCTGC TGCTGCTGGT GCAGGAGCAG	720
GAGGTGCTGG CGGTTACGGT AGAGGTGCTG GTGCTGGAGC AGGAGCCGCT GCGGGTGC	780
GAGCTGGAGG CTACGGTGGT CAAGGTGGGT ACGGTGCAGG AGCAGGAGCT GGTGCGGCTG	840
CTGCTGCTGC TGGAGCAGGA TCTGGAGGCG CTGGCGGTTA CGGTAGAGGT GCTGGTGC	900
GAGCTGGAGC CGCTGCAGGT GCAGGAGCAG GAGCTGGAAG CTACGGTGGT CAAGGATAACG	960
GTGCCGGAGC AGGAGCTGGT GCTGCTGCAG CTGCANNNNN NNNNNNNNNN NNNNNNNNNN	1020
NNNNNNNNNN NNNNNNNNGGT GCAGGTGCAG GTGCTGGATA TGGTGGACAA GGCAGGATATG	1080
GTGCCGGAGC AGGAGCTGGT GCGGCTGCTG CTGCTGGTGC AGGAGCTGGA GGTGCTGGTG	1140
GTTACGGTAG AGGTGCTGGT GCTGGAGCTG GAGCCGCTGC AGGTGCAGGA GCAGGAGCTG	1200
GAGGCTACGG TGGTCAAAGT GGATACGGTG CCGGAGCAGG AGCTGCTGCA GCTGCTGGAG	1260
CAGGAGCTGG AGGCCTGGT GGTTACGGTG AGGTGCTGGT GCTGGAGCAG GAGCCGCTGC	1320
GGGTGCTGGA GCAGGAGCCG CTGCGGGTGC AGGAGCTGGA GGCTACGGTG GTCAAGGTGG	1380
GTACGGTGCC GGTGCAGGAG CTGGTGCAGC TGCTGCTGCT GGAGCAGGAG CTGGAGGCGC	1440
TGGTGGTTAC GGTAGAGGTG CTGGTGCCTGG AGCTGGAGCT GCTGCAGGCG CAGGAGCTGG	1500
AGGCTACGGT GGTCAAGGTG GATACGGTGC CGGAGCAGGA GCTGGTGCCTG CTGCAGCTGC	1560
TGCAACAGGA GCCGGAGGCG CTGGTGGTTA CGGTAGAGGT GCTGGTGCCTG GAGCTGGTGC	1620
CGCTGCTGGG GCAGGTGCAG GCACCGGTGG TGCTGGATAT GGTGGACAAG GCGGTTATGG	1680
TGCCGGAGCA GGAGCTGGTG CGGCTGCTGC TGCTGGTGC GGAGCAGGAG GTGCTGGTTA	1740
CGGTAGAGGT GCTGGTGCCTG GAGCTGGAGC TGCTGCAGGT GCTGGAGCTG GAGCCGCTGC	1800
AGGTGCAGGA GCAGGAGCTG GAGGCTACGG TGGTCAGGGT GGATACGGTG CGGGAGCAAG	1860
AGCTGGTGCT GCGGCAGCTG CTGGAGCAGG AGCTGGAGGC GCTGCGGGTT ACAGTAGAGG	1920
TGGTCGTGCA GGAGCCGCTG GTGCTGGAGC TGGAGCCGCT GCAGGTGCAG GAGCAGGAGC	1980
TGGAGGCTAC GGTGGTCAAG GTGGATACGG TGCCGGAGCA GGAGCTGGTG CTGCTGCAGC	2040

TGCTGGTGCA GGATCCGGAG GCGCTGGTGG TTACGGTAGA GGTGCTGGTG CTGGAGCCGC	2100
TGCAGGAGCT GGAGCCGCTG CAGGTGCTGG AGCAGGAGCT GGAGGCTACG GTGGTCAAGG	2160
TGGATACGGT GCCGGAGCAG GAGCTGCTGC AGCTGCTGGA GCAGGAGCCG GACGTGGAGG	2220
TTACGGAAGA GGTGCTGGTG CTGGAGGCTA CGGTGGACAA GGAGGATATG GTGCCGGAGC	2280
TGGAGCCGGT GCTGCTGCAG CTGCTGGAGC GGGAGCCGA GGCTATGGCG ACAAGGAGAT	2340
AGCCTGCTGG AGCAGGTGTA GATACACTGT TGCCTCCACA ACATCTCGTT TGAGTTCGGC	2400
CGAACGCATCT TCTAGGATAT CGTCGGCGC TTCCACTTTA GTATCTGGAG GTTACTTGAA	2460
TACAGCAGCT CTGCCATCGG TTATTCGGA TCTTTTGCC CAAGTTGGTG CATCTTCTCC	2520
GGTGATCAGA CAGCGAAGTT TGATCCAAGT TTTGTTGGAA ATTGTTCTT CTCTTATCCA	2580
TATTCTCAGT TCTTCTAGCG TAGGACAAGT CGATTTCAAGT TCGGTTGGGT CGTCTGCTGC	2640
AGCTGTTGGT CAATCCATGC AAGTTGTAAT GGGCTAAACA TGATGGTTCT CTCAATTATG	2700
TATTCTTAA TTACCGCTAA GGTAGCAAAA TATGTAAAG TAAAGTTTC TTACAAAATA	2760
AAAATTCTTT TCTGCAAAAA AAAAAAAA AAA	2793

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:2:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 832 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: *N. clavipes*
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: minor ampullate gland

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
- (B) LOCATION: 1..309

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:2:

Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Gly Ala Val Ser Gly Tyr Val Ser Thr Leu Gly			
1	5	10	15

Asn Ala Ile Ser Asp Ala Ser Ala Tyr Ala Asn Ala Leu Ser Ser Ala			
20	25	30	

Ile Gly Asn Val Leu Ala Asn Ser Gly Ser Ile Ser Glu Ser Thr Ala			
35	40	45	

Ser Ser Ala Ala Ser Ser Ala Ala Ser Ser Val Thr Thr Thr Leu Thr			
50	55	60	

Ser Tyr Gly Pro Ala Val Phe Tyr Ala Pro Ser Ala Ser Ser Gly Gly			
65	70	75	80

Tyr Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Val Ala Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala	
---	--

85

90

95

Gly Gly Tyr Gly Arg Gly Ala Gly Gly Tyr Gly Gly Gln Gly Gly Tyr  
 100 105 110

Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala  
 115 120 125

Gly Gly Ala Gly Gly Tyr Gly Arg Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala  
 130 135 140

Ala Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Gly Ala Gly Tyr Gly Gly Gln  
 145 150 155 160

Gly Gly Tyr Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala Gly  
 165 170 175

Ala Gly Ala Gly Gly Ala Gly Tyr Gly Arg Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly  
 180 185 190

Ala Gly Ala Ala Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Tyr Gly Gly Gln Gly  
 195 200 205

Gly Tyr Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala Gly  
 210 215 220

Ala Gly Ser Gly Gly Ala Gly Gly Tyr Gly Arg Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly  
 225 230 235 240

Ala Gly Ala Ala Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ser Tyr Gly Gly  
 245 250 255

Gln Gly Tyr Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Ala Ala Ala Xaa  
 260 265 270

Xaa Gly Ala  
 275 280 285

Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Tyr Gly Gly Gln Gly Gly Tyr Gly Ala Gly Ala  
 290 295 300

Gly Ala Gly Ala Ala Ala Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Gly Ala Gly  
 305 310 315 320

Gly Tyr Gly Arg Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Ala Gly Ala  
 325 330 335

Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Gly Tyr Gly Gly Gln Ser Gly Tyr Gly Ala Gly  
 340 345 350

Ala Gly Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Gly Ala Gly  
 355 360 365

Tyr Gly Arg Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Ala Gly Ala Gly  
 370 375 380

Ala Gly Ala Ala Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Gly Tyr Gly Gly Gln Gly  
 385 390 395 400

Gly Tyr Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Ala Ala Ala Gly Ala  
 405 410 415

Gly Ala Gly Gly Ala Gly Gly Tyr Gly Arg Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala  
 420 425 430

Gly Ala Ala Ala Gly Ala Gly Gly Tyr Gly Gly Gln Gly Gly  
 435 440 445

Tyr Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala Thr Gly  
 450 455 460  
 Ala Gly Gly Ala Gly Gly Tyr Gly Arg Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly  
 465 470 475 480  
 Ala Ala Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Thr Gly Gly Ala Gly Tyr Gly Gly  
 485 490 495  
 Gln Gly Gly Tyr Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Ala Ala Ala  
 500 505 510  
 Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Gly Ala Gly Tyr Gly Arg Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly  
 515 520 525  
 Ala Gly Ala Ala Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Ala Ala Gly Ala Gly  
 530 535 540  
 Ala Gly Ala Gly Gly Tyr Gly Gly Gln Gly Gly Tyr Gly Ala Gly Ala  
 545 550 555 560  
 Arg Ala Gly Ala Ala Ala Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Gly Ala Ala  
 565 570 575  
 Gly Tyr Ser Arg Gly Gly Arg Ala Gly Ala Ala Gly Ala Gly  
 580 585 590  
 Ala Ala Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Gly Tyr Gly Gln Gly  
 595 600 605  
 Gly Tyr Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Ala Ala Ala Gly Ala  
 610 615 620  
 Gly Ser Gly Gly Ala Gly Gly Tyr Gly Arg Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly  
 625 630 635 640  
 Ala Ala Gly Ala Ala Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Gly  
 645 650 655  
 Tyr Gly Gly Gln Gly Gly Tyr Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Ala Ala  
 660 665 670  
 Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Arg Gly Gly Tyr Gly Arg Gly Ala Gly  
 675 680 685  
 Gly Gly Tyr Gly Gly Gln Gly Gly Tyr Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly  
 690 695 700  
 Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Gly Tyr Gly Asp Lys Glu  
 705 710 715 720  
 Ile Ala Cys Trp Ser Arg Cys Arg Tyr Thr Val Ala Ser Thr Thr Ser  
 725 730 735  
 Arg Leu Ser Ser Ala Glu Ala Ser Ser Arg Ile Ser Ser Ala Ala Ser  
 740 745 750  
 Thr Leu Val Ser Gly Gly Tyr Leu Asn Thr Ala Ala Leu Pro Ser Val  
 755 760 765  
 Ile Ser Asp Leu Phe Ala Gln Val Gly Ala Ser Ser Pro Val Ile Arg  
 770 775 780  
 Gln Arg Ser Leu Ile Gln Val Leu Leu Glu Ile Val Ser Ser Leu Ile  
 785 790 795 800  
 His Ile Leu Ser Ser Ser Val Gly Gln Val Asp Phe Ser Ser Val

30

805

810

815

Gly Ser Ser Ala Ala Ala Val Gly Gln Ser Met Gln Val Val Met Gly  
 820 825 830

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:3:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 309 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(iii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(viii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: *N. clavipes*
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: minor ampullate gland

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
- (B) LOCATION: 1..309
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product= "amino terminus of MISP2 protein"

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:3:

TCT TAT GGA CCA TCC GTA TTT TAC ACT CCT ACT TCA GCT GGA AGC TAT	48
Ser Tyr Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Tyr Thr Pro Thr Ser Ala Gly Ser Tyr	
1 5 10 15	
GGT GCA GGG GCC GGA GGT TTT GGA GCT GGA GCC TCT GCT GGT GTC GGA	96
Gly Ala Gly Gly Phe Gly Ala Gly Ala Ser Ala Gly Val Gly	
20 25 30	
GCC GGA GCT GGT ACT GTA GCA GGA TAT GGT GGA CAA GGA GGA TAT GGT	144
Ala Gly Ala Gly Thr Val Ala Gly Tyr Gly Gly Gln Gly Gly Tyr Gly	
35 40 45	
GCC GGA AGC GCT GGA GGT TAT GGA AGA GGT ACT GGA GCT GGA GCC GCT	192
Ala Gly Ser Ala Gly Gly Tyr Gly Arg Gly Thr Gly Ala Gly Ala Ala	
50 55 60	
GCT GGT GCC GGA GCA GGA GCC ACT GCT GGT GCC GGA GCA GGA GGC GCT	240
Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Thr Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Ala	
65 70 75 80	
GCT GGT GCC GGA GCA GGA GCA GGT AAT TCA GGA GGA TAT AGT GCC GGA	288
Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Asn Ser Gly Gly Tyr Ser Ala Gly	
85 90 95	
GTA GGA GTT GGT GCT GCA GCT	309
Val Gly Val Gly Ala Ala Ala	
100	

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:4:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 103 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

31

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:4:

Ser Tyr Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Tyr Thr Pro Thr Ser Ala Gly Ser Tyr  
 1 5 10 15

Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Gly Phe Gly Ala Gly Ala Ser Ala Gly Val Gly  
 20 25 30

Ala Gly Ala Gly Thr Val Ala Gly Tyr Gly Gly Gln Gly Gly Tyr Gly  
 35 40 45

Ala Gly Ser Ala Gly Gly Tyr Gly Arg Gly Thr Gly Ala Gly Ala Ala  
 50 55 60

Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Thr Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Ala  
 65 70 75 80

Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Asn Ser Gly Gly Tyr Ser Ala Gly  
 85 90 95

Val Gly Val Gly Ala Ala Ala  
 100

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:5:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 165 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: *N. clavipes*
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: minor ampullate gland

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
- (B) LOCATION: 3..164
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product= "an internal portion of MISP2"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:5:

CT GCA GCT GCT GGA GGA GGT GCC GGA ACT GTT GGA GGT TAC GGA AGA	47
Ala Ala Ala Gly Gly Ala Gly Thr Val Gly Gly Tyr Gly Arg	
1 5 10 15	
GGT GCT GGT GTA GGA GCA GGT GCC GCT GCT GGT TTT GCG GCA GGA GCT	95
Gly Ala Gly Val Gly Ala Gly Ala Ala Gly Phe Ala Ala Gly Ala	
20 25 30	
GGT GGT GCT GGA GGC TAC AGA AGA GAT GGA GGA TAC GGT GCT GGA GCA	143
Gly Gly Ala Gly Gly Tyr Arg Arg Asp Gly Gly Tyr Gly Ala Gly Ala	
35 40 45	
GGA GCT GGA GCT GCT GCA GCT G	165
Gly Ala Gly Ala Ala Ala Ala	
50	

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:6:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 54 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:6:

Ala Ala Ala Gly Gly Gly Ala Gly Thr Val Gly Gly Tyr Gly Arg Gly  
 1 5 10 15

Ala Gly Val Gly Ala Gly Ala Ala Ala Gly Phe Ala Ala Gly Ala Gly  
 20 25 30

Gly Ala Gly Gly Tyr Arg Arg Asp Gly Gly Tyr Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly  
 35 40 45

Ala Gly Ala Ala Ala Ala  
 50

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:7:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 870 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

## (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: *N. clavipes*
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: minor ampullate gland

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
- (B) LOCATION: 1..753
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product= "MISP2 carboxy terminus"

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:7:

GGT GCA GGA GGC TAT GGA AGA GGT GCT GGA GCT GGA GCT GCT GCA GTC  
 Gly Ala Gly Gly Tyr Gly Arg Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Ala Val  
 1 5 10 15 48

GCA GGT GCA GAT GCT GGT GGC TAT GGA AGA AAT TAT GGT GCT GGA ACC  
 Ala Gly Ala Asp Ala Gly Gly Tyr Gly Arg Asn Tyr Gly Ala Gly Thr  
 20 25 30 96

ACT GCT TAT GCA GGA GCC AGA GCC GGT GGT GCT GGA GGC TAT GGC GGA  
 Thr Ala Tyr Ala Gly Ala Arg Ala Gly Gly Ala Gly Gly Tyr Gly Gly  
 35 40 45 144

CAA GGA GGA TAT TCT TCT GGA GCC GGT GCT GCT GCA GCT TCT GGA GCA  
 Gln Gly Gly Tyr Ser Ser Gly Ala Gly Ala Ala Ala Ser Gly Ala  
 50 55 60 192

GGA GCC GAT ATC ACT AGT GGA TAC GGA AGA GGT GTT GGT GCT GGA GCT  
 Gly Ala Asp Ile Thr Ser Gly Tyr Gly Arg Gly Val Gly Ala Gly Ala  
 65 70 75 80 240

GGA GCA GAA ACT ATA GGT GCT GGA GGC TAT GGA GGT GGG GCT GGA TCA Gly Ala Glu Thr Ile Gly Ala Gly Gly Tyr Gly Gly Gly Ala Gly Ser 85 90 95	288
GGA GCA CGT GCG GCT TCA GCA TCC GGA GCT GGT ACT GGA TAT GGT TCG Gly Ala Arg Ala Ala Ser Ala Ser Gly Ala Gly Thr Gly Tyr Gly Ser 100 105 110	336
TCT GGA GGT TAT AAC GTA GGT ACC GGA ATA AGT ACT TCT TCT GGC GCT Ser Gly Gly Tyr Asn Val Gly Thr Gly Ile Ser Thr Ser Ser Gly Ala 115 120 125	384
GCA TCT AGC TAC TCT GTT TCT GCT GGA GGT TAT GCT TCA ACA GGT GTT Ala Ser Ser Tyr Ser Val Ser Ala Gly Gly Tyr Ala Ser Thr Gly Val 130 135 140	432
GGT ATT GGA TCC ACT GTT ACA TCC ACA ACA TCT CGT TTG AGT TCT GCT Gly Ile Gly Ser Thr Val Thr Ser Thr Ser Arg Leu Ser Ser Ala 145 150 155 160	480
GAA GCA TGT TCT AGA ATA TCT GCT GCG GCT TCC ACT TTA GTA TCT GGA Glu Ala Cys Ser Arg Ile Ser Ala Ala Ser Thr Leu Val Ser Gly 165 170 175	528
TCC TTG AAT ACT GCA GCT TTA CCA TCT GTA ATT TCG GAT CTT TTT GCC Ser Leu Asn Thr Ala Ala Leu Pro Ser Val Ile Ser Asp Leu Phe Ala 180 185 190	576
CAA GTT AGT GCA TCA TCA CCC GGG GTA TCA GGT AAC GAA GTT TTG ATT Gln Val Ser Ala Ser Ser Pro Gly Val Ser Gly Asn Glu Val Leu Ile 195 200 205	624
CAA GTT TTG TTG GAA ATT GTT TCT TCT CTT ATC CAT ATT CTT AGT TCT Gln Val Leu Leu Glu Ile Val Ser Ser Leu Ile His Ile Leu Ser Ser 210 215 220	672
TCT AGT GTA GGG CAA GTA GAT TTC AGT TCT GTT GGT TCA TCT GCT GCA Ser Ser Val Gly Gln Val Asp Phe Ser Ser Val Gly Ser Ser Ala Ala 225 230 235 240	720
GCC GTT GGT CAA TCC ATG CAA GTT GTA ATG GGT TAAAAACAAAAA TGGCTCTCTC Ala Val Gly Gln Ser Met Gln Val Val Met Gly 245 250	773
TCTGTTATAT GCATTCTGTA ATTTCTCTA AACTATTAAA ATAATGTAAT AATTCCTGC ATAAAATAAAA ATATTTTCT GCAAAAAAAA AAAAAAAA	833 870

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:8:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 251 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:8:

Gly Ala Gly Gly Tyr Gly Arg Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Ala Val  
1 5 10 15

Ala Gly Ala Asp Ala Gly Gly Tyr Gly Arg Asn Tyr Gly Ala Gly Thr  
20 25 30

Thr Ala Tyr Ala Gly Ala Arg Ala Gly Gly Tyr Gly Gly

35	40	45
Gln Gly Gly Tyr Ser Ser Gly Ala Gly Ala Ala Ala Ala Ser Gly Ala		
50	55	60
Gly Ala Asp Ile Thr Ser Gly Tyr Gly Arg Gly Val Gly Ala Gly Ala		
65	70	75
Gly Ala Glu Thr Ile Gly Ala Gly Gly Tyr Gly Gly Ala Gly Ser		
85	90	95
Gly Ala Arg Ala Ala Ser Ala Ser Gly Ala Gly Thr Gly Tyr Gly Ser		
100	105	110
Ser Gly Gly Tyr Asn Val Gly Thr Gly Ile Ser Thr Ser Ser Gly Ala		
115	120	125
Ala Ser Ser Tyr Ser Val Ser Ala Gly Gly Tyr Ala Ser Thr Gly Val		
130	135	140
Gly Ile Gly Ser Thr Val Thr Ser Thr Ser Arg Leu Ser Ser Ala		
145	150	155
Glu Ala Cys Ser Arg Ile Ser Ala Ala Ser Thr Leu Val Ser Gly		
165	170	175
Ser Leu Asn Thr Ala Ala Leu Pro Ser Val Ile Ser Asp Leu Phe Ala		
180	185	190
Gln Val Ser Ala Ser Ser Pro Gly Val Ser Gly Asn Glu Val Leu Ile		
195	200	205
Gln Val Leu Leu Glu Ile Val Ser Ser Leu Ile His Ile Leu Ser Ser		
210	215	220
Ser Ser Val Gly Gln Val Asp Phe Ser Ser Val Gly Ser Ser Ala Ala		
225	230	235
Ala Val Gly Gln Ser Met Gln Val Val Met Gly		
245	250	

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:9:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 165 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: *N. clavipes*
  - (F) TISSUE TYPE: minor ampullate gland
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: -
  - (B) LOCATION: 1..165
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= cloned\_cDNA  
/note= "pMISS3 partial sequence, 11-1 template,  
forward primer"
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
  - (B) LOCATION: 1..165

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product= "translation of pMISS3  
partial sequence"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:9:

GCT GGA GCT GCT GGT GCT GGA GGC TAT GAC GGA CAA GGA GGA TAT Ala Gly Ala Ala Ala Gly Ala Gly Gly Tyr Asp Gly Gln Gly Gly Tyr 1 5 10 15	48
GGT GCT GGA GCA GGA GCT GCT GCA GCT GCT GGA GCA GGA GGC GGA AGC Gly Ala Gly Ala Ala Ala Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ser 20 25 30	96
GTT GGA GGT TAT GGA ACA GGT GCT GTA GCT GGA TCT GGA ACA GCT GCT Val Gly Gly Tyr Gly Thr Gly Ala Val Ala Gly Ser Gly Thr Ala Ala 35 40 45	144
GGT GCA GGA GCC AGA GCT GGT Gly Ala Gly Ala Arg Ala Gly 50 55	165

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:10:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 55 amino acids  
 (B) TYPE: amino acid  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:10:

Ala Gly Ala Ala Ala Gly Ala Gly Gly Tyr Asp Gly Gln Gly Gly Tyr 1 5 10 15	
Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Ala Ala Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ser 20 25 30	
Val Gly Gly Tyr Gly Thr Gly Ala Val Ala Gly Ser Gly Thr Ala Ala 35 40 45	
Gly Ala Gly Ala Arg Ala Gly 50 55	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:11:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 240 base pairs  
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: double  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:  
 (A) ORGANISM: *N. clavipes*  
 (F) TISSUE TYPE: minor ampullate gland

(ix) FEATURE:  
 (A) NAME/KEY: -  
 (B) LOCATION: 1..240  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= cloned cDNA  
 /note= "partial sequence of pMISS3, 11-1 template,  
 reverse primer"

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
- (B) LOCATION: 1..240
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product= "pMISS3 partial sequence translation"

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:11:

GGA GCT GCT GCT GGT GCA GGA GCC GGA GCA GGT AGT ACA GGA GGC TTT Gly Ala Ala Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ser Thr Gly Gly Phe	48
1 5 10 15	
GGC GGA CAA GGA GGA TAT GGT GCC GGT GCA GGA GCT GCA GCT GCT GGA Gly Gly Gln Gly Gly Tyr Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Ala Ala Gly	96
20 25 30	
GCT TTT GCC GGA AGA GCT GGG GGT TAC GGA AGA GCT GCT GGA GCT GCG Ala Phe Ala Gly Arg Ala Gly Gly Tyr Gly Arg Ala Ala Gly Ala Ala	144
35 40 45	
GCT GGA ACT GGA GCT GCT GGT GCA GGA GCC GGA GCT GGT AGT ACA Ala Gly Thr Gly Ala Ala Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ser Thr	192
50 55 60	
GGA GGC TTT GGC GGA CAA AGA GGA TAC GGT GCC GGC AGA AGT AAT GGA Gly Gly Phe Gly Gly Gln Arg Gly Tyr Gly Ala Gly Arg Ser Asn Gly	240
65 70 75 80	

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:12:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 80 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:12:

Gly Ala Ala Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ser Thr Gly Gly Phe 1 5 10 15	
Gly Gly Gln Gly Gly Tyr Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Ala Gly	20 25 30
Ala Phe Ala Gly Arg Ala Gly Gly Tyr Gly Arg Ala Ala Gly Ala Ala	35 40 45
Ala Gly Thr Gly Ala Ala Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ser Thr	50 55 60
Gly Gly Phe Gly Gly Gln Arg Gly Tyr Gly Ala Gly Arg Ser Asn Gly	65 70 75 80

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:13:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 144 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: *N. clavipes*
- (F) TISSUE TYPE: minor ampullate gland

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: -
- (B) LOCATION: 1..144
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= cloned\_cDNA  
/note= "partial sequence of pMISS3, 11-2 template,  
forward primer"

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
- (B) LOCATION: 1..144
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product= "translation of pMISS3  
partial sequence"

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:13:

TAT GGT GGA CAA GGC GGA TAT GGT GCT GGA GCA GGA GCT GGT GCT GCT	48
Tyr Gly Gly Gln Gly Gly Tyr Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Ala	
1 5 10 15	
GCA GCC GCA GGA TAT GGA GCC GGT GCT GGA GGA TAC GGT GGA CAA GCT	96
Ala Ala Ala Gly Tyr Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Gly Tyr Gly Gly Gln Ala	
20 25 30	
GGT TAT GGT GCC GGA GCT GGA GCT GGT AGT TCT GCA GGA AAT GCT TTC	144
Gly Tyr Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ser Ser Ala Gly Asn Ala Phe	
35 40 45	

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:14:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 48 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:14:

Tyr Gly Gly Gln Gly Gly Tyr Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Ala	
1 5 10 15	
Ala Ala Ala Gly Tyr Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Gly Tyr Gly Gly Gln Ala	
20 25 30	
Gly Tyr Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ser Ser Ala Gly Asn Ala Phe	
35 40 45	

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:15:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 155 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

## (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: N-terminal

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 1..155
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= MISPN\_aa  
/note= "amino-terminal sequence of mispl, see Fig. 4"

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:15:

Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Phe Ala Val Ser Gly Tyr Val Ser Thr Leu Gly  
1 5 10 15

Asn Ala Ile Ser Asp Ala Ser Ala Tyr Ala Asn Ala Leu Ser Ser Ala  
20 25 30

Ile Gly Asn Val Leu Ala Asn Ser Gly Ser Ile Ser Glu Ser Thr Ala  
35 40 45

Ser Ser Ala Ala Ser Ser Ala Ala Ser Ser Val Thr Thr Thr Leu Thr  
50 55 60

Ser Tyr Gly Pro Ala Val Phe Tyr Ala Pro Ser Ala Ser Ser Gly Gly  
65 70 75 80

Tyr Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Val Ala Ala Ala Gly Ala Ala Gly Ala  
85 90 95

Gly Gly Tyr Gly Arg Gly Ala Gly Gly Tyr Gly Gly Gln Gly Gly Tyr  
100 105 110

Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala  
115 120 125

Gly Gly Ala Gly Gly Tyr Gly Arg Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala  
130 135 140

Ala Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Gly Ala  
145 150 155

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:16:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 90 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

## (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: N-terminal

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 1..90
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= MISP2N\_AA  
/note= "amino terminal peptide of MISP2, see Fig. 4"

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:16:

Ser Tyr Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Tyr Thr Pro Thr Ser Ala Gly Ser Tyr  
1 5 10 15

Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Phe Gly Ala Gly Ala Ser Ala Gly Val Gly  
20 25 30

Ala Gly Ala Gly Thr Val Ala Gly Tyr Gly Gly Gln Gly Gly Tyr Gly  
 35 40 45

Ala Gly Ala Gly Ser Ala Gly Gly Tyr Gly Arg Gly Thr Gly Ala Gly  
 50 55 60

Ala Ala Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Thr Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly  
 65 70 75 80

Ala Ala Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly  
 85 90

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:17:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 115 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: C-terminal
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: 1..115
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= MISP1C\_AA  
 /note= "carboxyl terminus of MISP1, see Fig. 4"

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:17:

Asp Lys Glu Ile Ala Cys Trp Ser Arg Cys Arg Tyr Thr Val Ala Ser  
 1 5 10 15

Thr Thr Ser Arg Leu Ser Ser Ala Glu Ala Ser Ser Arg Ile Ser Ser  
 20 25 30

Ala Ala Ser Thr Leu Val Ser Gly Gly Tyr Leu Asn Thr Ala Ala Leu  
 35 40 45

Pro Ser Val Ile Ser Asp Leu Phe Ala Gln Val Gly Ala Ser Ser Pro  
 50 55 60

Val Ile Arg Gln Arg Ser Leu Ile Gln Val Leu Leu Glu Ile Val Ser  
 65 70 75 80

Ser Leu Ile His Ile Leu Ser Ser Ser Val Gly Trp Val Asp Phe  
 85 90 95

Ser Ser Val Gly Ser Ser Ala Ala Val Gly Gln Ser Met Gln Val  
 100 105 110

Val Met Gly  
 115

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:18:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 116 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: C-terminal

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 1..116
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= MISp2C\_AA  
/note= "carboxyl terminus of MISp2, see Fig. 4"

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:18:

Gly Gly Tyr Ala Ser Thr Gly Val Gly Ile Gly Ser Thr Val Thr Ser  
 1 5 10 15

Thr Thr Ser Arg Leu Ser Ser Ala Glu Ala Cys Ser Arg Ile Ser Ala  
 20 25 30

Ala Ala Ser Thr Leu Val Ser Gly Gly Ser Leu Asn Thr Ala Ala Leu  
 35 40 45

Pro Ser Val Ile Ser Asp Leu Phe Ala Gln Val Ser Ala Ser Ser Pro  
 50 55 60

Gly Val Ser Gly Asn Glu Val Leu Ile Gln Val Leu Leu Glu Ile Val  
 65 70 75 80

Ser Ser Leu Ile His Ile Leu Ser Ser Ser Val Gly Gln Val Asp  
 85 90 95

Phe Ser Ser Val Gly Ser Ser Ala Ala Val Gly Gln Ser Met Gln  
 100 105 110

Val Val Met Gly  
 115

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:19:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 33 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: N-terminal

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 1..33
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= misp1\_repeat  
/note= "see Table 1"

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:19:

Gly Ala Ala Gly Ala Gly Gly Tyr Gly Arg Gly Ala Gly Gly Tyr Gly  
 1 5 10 15

Gly Gln Gly Gly Tyr Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Ala Ala Ala  
 20 25 30

Ala

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:20:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 51 amino acids  
 (B) TYPE: amino acid  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: Peptide  
 (B) LOCATION: 1..51  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= mispl\_repeat  
 /note= "see Table 1"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:20:

Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Gly Ala Gly Gly Tyr Gly Arg Gly Ala Gly Ala  
 1 5 10 15

Gly Ala Gly Ala Ala Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Gly Ala Gly  
 20 25 30

Tyr Gly Gln Gly Gly Tyr Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Ala  
 35 40 45

Ala Ala Ala  
 50

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:21:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 48 amino acids  
 (B) TYPE: amino acid  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: Peptide  
 (B) LOCATION: 1..48  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= mispl\_repeat  
 /note= "see Table 1"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:21:

Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Gly Ala Gly Gly Tyr Gly Arg Gly Ala Gly Ala  
 1 5 10 15

Gly Ala Gly Ala Ala Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Gly Tyr Gly Gln  
 20 25 30

Gly Gly Tyr Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala  
 35 40 45

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:22:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 49 amino acids  
 (B) TYPE: amino acid  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: 1..49
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= mispl\_repeat  
/note= "see Table 1"

- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:22:

Gly Ala Gly Ser Gly Gly Ala Gly Gly Tyr Gly Arg Gly Ala Gly Ala  
1 5 10 15

Gly Ala Gly Ala Ala Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ser Tyr Gly  
20 25 30

Gly Gln Gly Gly Tyr Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala  
35 40 45

Ala

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:23:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 39 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: 1..39
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= mispl\_repeat  
/note= "see Table 1"

- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:23:

Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Gly Ala Gly Gly Tyr Gly Arg Gly Ala Gly Ala  
1 5 10 15

Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Ala Ala Arg Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala  
20 25 30

Gly Gly Ala Ala Ala Ala  
35

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:24:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 47 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(ix) FEATURE:  
(A) NAME/KEY: Peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 1..47  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= mispl\_repeat  
/note= "see Table 1"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:24:

Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Gly Ala Gly Gly Tyr Gly Arg Gly Ala Gly Ala  
1 5 10 15  
Gly Ala Gly Ala Ala Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Gly Tyr Gly  
20 25 30  
Gly Gln Ser Gly Tyr Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Ala Ala Ala  
35 40 45

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:25:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 55 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear  
  
(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide  
  
(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(ix) FEATURE:  
(A) NAME/KEY: Peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 1..55  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= mispl\_repeat  
/note= "see Table 1"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:25:

Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Gly Ala Gly Gly Tyr Gly Arg Gly Ala Gly Ala  
1 5 10 15  
Gly Ala Gly Ala Ala Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Ala Ala Gly Ala  
20 25 30  
Gly Ala Gly Gly Tyr Gly Gly Gln Gly Gly Tyr Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly  
35 40 45  
Ala Gly Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala  
50 55

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:26:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 47 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear  
  
(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide  
  
(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal  
  
(ix) FEATURE:  
(A) NAME/KEY: Peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 1..47  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= mispl\_repeat

/note= "see Table 1"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:26:

Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Gly Ala Gly Gly Tyr Gly Arg Gly Ala Gly Ala  
1 5 10 15  
Gly Ala Gly Ala Ala Ala Gly Ala Gly Gly Tyr Gly Gly Gln  
20 25 30  
Gly Gly Tyr Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala  
35 40 45

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:27:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 50 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: Peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 1..50  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= mispl\_repeat  
/note= "see Table 1"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:27:

Thr Gly Ala Gly Gly Ala Gly Gly Tyr Gly Arg Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly  
1 5 10 15  
Ala Gly Ala Ala Ala Gly Ala Gly Thr Gly Gly Ala Gly Tyr  
20 25 30  
Gly Gly Gln Gly Gly Tyr Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Ala Ala  
35 40 45  
Ala Ala  
50

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:28:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 56 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: Peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 1..56  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= mispl\_repeat  
/note= "see Table 1"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:28:

45

Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Gly Ala Gly Tyr Gly Arg Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly  
1 5 10 15

Ala Gly Ala Ala Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Ala Ala Gly Ala Gly  
20 25 30

Ala Gly Ala Gly Gly Tyr Gly Gly Gln Gly Gly Tyr Gly Ala Gly Ala  
35 40 45

Arg Ala Gly Ala Ala Ala Ala  
50 55

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:29:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 54 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(ix) FEATURE:  
(A) NAME/KEY: Peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 1..54  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= mispl\_repeat  
/note= "see Table 1"

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:29:

Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Gly Ala Ala Gly Tyr Ser Arg Gly Gly Arg Ala  
1 5 10 15

Gly Ala Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Ala Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly  
20 25 30

Ala Gly Gly Tyr Gly Gly Gln Gly Gly Tyr Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala  
35 40 45

Gly Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala  
50

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:30:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 51 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(ix) FEATURE:  
(A) NAME/KEY: Peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 1..51  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= mispl\_repeat  
/note= "see Table 1"

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:30:

Gly Ala Gly Ser Gly Gly Ala Gly Gly Tyr Gly Arg Gly Ala Gly Ala

46

1	5	10	15
Gly	Ala	Ala	Ala
Ala	Gly	Ala	Gly
Ala	Ala	Ala	Gly
Ala	Gly	Ala	Gly
20	25	30	
Gly	Tyr	Gly	Gly
35	40	45	
Gly	Gly	Gly	Gly
Ala	Ala	Ala	Ala
Ala	Ala	Ala	
50			

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:31:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 36 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: C-terminal
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: 1..36
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= misp1\_repeat  
/note= "see Table 1"

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:31:

1	5	10	15
Gly	Ala	Gly	Ala
Ala	Gly	Arg	Gly
Gly	Tyr	Gly	Tyr
20	25	30	
Gly	Tyr	Gly	Gly
Ala	Gly	Ala	Gly
Ala	Ala	Ala	Ala
Ala	Ala	Ala	
35			

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:32:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 55 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: 1..55
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= misp1\_repeat  
/note= "consensus sequence of MiSP1 repeats"

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:32:

1	5	10	15
Arg	Gly	Ala	Ala
Ala	Gly	Ala	Gly
Ala	Ala	Ala	Gly
Ala	Gly	Ala	Gly
20	25	30	
Gly	Tyr	Gly	Gly
Gly	Gly	Gly	Tyr

Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala  
 35 40 45

Gly Gly Ala Gly Gly Tyr Gly  
 50 55

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:33:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 11 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

- (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 1..11
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= misp1\_generic  
       /note= "generic formula for Misp1"

- (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Duplication
- (B) LOCATION: 3..4
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= GA  
       /note= "(GA) repeated 1 to 6 times"

- (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Duplication
- (B) LOCATION: 5
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= A  
       /note= "present as 0 to 4 residues"

- (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Duplication
- (B) LOCATION: 6..8
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= GGX  
       /note= "X is tyrosine, glutamine or alanine; unit  
       is repeated 1 to 4 times."

- (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Duplication
- (B) LOCATION: 9..10
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= GA  
       /note= "repeated 1 to 6 times"

- (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Duplication
- (B) LOCATION: 11
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= A  
       /note= "present as 0 to 4 residues"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:33:

Gly Arg Gly Ala Ala Gly Gly Xaa Gly Ala Ala  
 1 5 10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:34:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: 1..15
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= MaSP1\_generic  
/note= "generic formula for MaSP1 protein (major ampullate spider silk protein)."
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: Duplication
  - (B) LOCATION: 1..3
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= XGG  
/note= "X is tyrosine or glutamine; unit is repeated 2 to 3 times"
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: Region
  - (B) LOCATION: 4..6
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= XGA  
/note= "X is tyrosine or glutamine; unit is present once."
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: Duplication
  - (B) LOCATION: 7..9
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= GXG  
/note= "X is tyrosine or glutamine; unit is repeated 1 to three times."
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: Duplication
  - (B) LOCATION: 10..12
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= AGA  
/note= "unit is repeated 5 to 7 times"
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: Duplication
  - (B) LOCATION: 13
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= G  
/note= "present as 1 or 2 residues"
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:34:

Xaa Gly Gly Xaa Gly Ala Gly Xaa Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly  
1 5 10 15
- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:35:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 14 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
  - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
  - (ix) FEATURE:
    - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
    - (B) LOCATION: 1..14
    - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= MaSP2\_generic

/note= "generic formula for MaSP2 protein (major ampullate spider silk protein)."

(ix) FEATURE:  
(A) NAME/KEY: Duplication  
(B) LOCATION: 1..10  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= GPG2YGPQ2  
/note= "unit is repeated 2 or 3 times"

(ix) FEATURE:  
(A) NAME/KEY: Duplication  
(B) LOCATION: 11..12  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= XX  
/note= "X is GPG or GPS"

(ix) FEATURE:  
(A) NAME/KEY: Duplication  
(B) LOCATION: 14  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= A  
/note= "present as 7 to 10 residues"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:35:

Gly Pro Gly Gly Tyr Gly Pro Gly Gln Gln Xaa Xaa Ser Ala  
1 5 10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:36:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(ix) FEATURE:  
(A) NAME/KEY: Peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 1..6  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= MiSP\_simple  
/note= "simplified MiSP1 generic formula; x is tyrosine, glutamine or alan..."

(ix) FEATURE:  
(A) NAME/KEY: Duplication  
(B) LOCATION: 1..3  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= GGX  
/note= "X is tyrosine, glutamine or alanine; unit is repeated 1 to 4 times."

(ix) FEATURE:  
(A) NAME/KEY: Duplication  
(B) LOCATION: 4..5  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= GA  
/note= "unit is present 0 to 4 times"

(ix) FEATURE:  
(A) NAME/KEY: Duplication  
(B) LOCATION: 6  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= A  
/note= "present as 1 to 6 residues"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:36:

Gly Gly Xaa Gly Ala Ala  
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:37:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 47 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: N-terminal

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: Peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 1..47  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= MaSP2\_repeat  
/note= "see Table 2"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:37:

Gly Pro Gly Gln Gln Gly Pro Gly Gly Tyr Gly Pro Gly Gln Gln Gly  
1 5 10 15

Pro Ser Gly Pro Gly Ser Ala  
20 25 30

Gly Pro Gly Gly Tyr Gly Pro Gly Gln Gln Gly Pro Gly Gly Tyr  
35 40 45

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:38:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 38 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: Peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 1..38  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= MaSP2\_repeat  
/note= "see Table 2"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:38:

Gly Pro Gly Gln Gln Gly Pro Gly Arg Tyr Gly Pro Gly Gln Gln Gly  
1 5 10 15

Pro Ser Gly Pro Gly Ser Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala Gly Ser Gly Gln  
20 25 30

Gln Gly Pro Gly Gly Tyr  
35

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:39:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 52 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(ix) FEATURE:  
(A) NAME/KEY: Peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 1..52  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= MaSP2\_repeat  
/note= "see Table 2"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:39:

Gly Pro Arg Gln Gln Gly Pro Gly Gly Tyr Gly Gln Gly Gln Gln Gly  
1 5 10 15

Pro Ser Gly Pro Gly Ser Ala Ala Ala Ala Ser Ala Ala Ala Ser Ala  
20 25 30

Glu Ser Gly Gln Gln Gly Pro Gly Gly Tyr Gly Pro Gly Gln Gln Gly  
35 40 45

Pro Gly Gly Tyr  
50

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:40:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 40 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(ix) FEATURE:  
(A) NAME/KEY: Peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 1..40  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= MaSP2\_repeat  
/note= "see Table 2"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:40:

Gly Pro Gly Gln Gln Gly Pro Gly Gly Tyr Gly Pro Gly Gln Gln Gly  
1 5 10 15

Pro Ser Gly Pro Gly Ser Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala Ser Gly Pro  
20 25 30

Gly Gln Gln Gly Pro Gly Gly Tyr  
35 40

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:41:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 41 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 1..41
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= MaSP2\_repeat  
/note= "see Table 2"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:41:

Gly Pro Gly Gln Gln Gly Pro Gly Gly Tyr Gly Pro Gly Gln Gln Gly  
1 5 10 15

Pro Ser Gly Pro Gly Ser Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala Ser Gly  
20 25 30

Pro Gly Gln Gln Gly Pro Gly Gly Tyr  
35 40

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:42:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 29 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 1..29
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= MaSP2\_repeat  
/note= "see Table 2"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:42:

Gly Pro Gly Gln Gln Gly Pro Gly Gly Tyr Gly Pro Gly Gln Gln Gly  
1 5 10 15

Leu Ser Gly Pro Gly Ser Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala  
20 25

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:43:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 36 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 1..36
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= MaSP2\_repeat  
/note= "see Table 2"

53

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:43:

Gly Pro Gly Gln Gln Gly Pro Gly Gly Tyr Gly Pro Gly Gln Gln Gly  
1 5 10 15  
Pro Ser Gly Pro Gly Ser Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala Gly  
20 25 30  
Pro Gly Gly Tyr  
35

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:44:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 39 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

- (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: 1..39
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= MaSP2\_repeat  
/note= "see Table 2"

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:44:

Gly Pro Gly Gln Gln Gly Pro Gly Gly Tyr Gly Pro Gly Gln Gln Gly  
1 5 10 15  
Pro Ser Gly Ala Gly Ser Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala Gly Pro Gly  
20 25 30  
Gln Gln Gly Leu Gly Gly Tyr  
35

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:45:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 32 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

- (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: 1..32
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= MaSP2\_repeat  
/note= "see Table 2"

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:45:

Gly Pro Gly Gln Gln Gly Pro Gly Gly Tyr Gly Pro Gly Gln Gln Gly  
1 5 10 15  
Pro Gly Gly Tyr Gly Pro Gly Ser Ala Ser Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala  
20 25 30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:46:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 37 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: 1..37
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= Masp2\_repeat  
/note= "see Table 2"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:46:

Gly Pro Gly Gln Gln Gly Pro Gly Gly Tyr Gly Pro Gly Gln Gln Gly  
 1 5 10 15  
 Pro Ser Gly Pro Gly Ser Ala Ser Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala  
 20 25 30  
 Gly Pro Gly Gly Tyr  
 35

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:47:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 37 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: 1..37
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= MaSP2\_repeat  
/note= "see Table 2"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:47:

Gly Pro Gly Gln Gln Gly Pro Gly Gly Tyr Ala Pro Gly Gln Gln Gly  
 1 5 10 15  
 Pro Ser Gly Pro Gly Ser Ala Ser Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala  
 20 25 30  
 Gly Pro Gly Gly Tyr  
 35

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:48:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 36 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: C-terminal

- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: 1..36
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= MaSP2\_repeat  
/note= "see Table 2"

- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:48:

Gly Pro Gly Gln Gln Gly Pro Gly Gly Tyr Ala Pro Gly Gln Gln Gly  
1 5 10 15

Pro Ser Gly Pro Gly Ser Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala Ser Ala Gly  
20 25 30

Pro Gly Gly Tyr  
35

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:49:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 37 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: 1..37
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= MaSP2\_consensus  
/note= "consensus sequence of MaSP2 repeat units"

- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:49:

Gly Pro Gly Gln Gln Gly Pro Gly Gly Tyr Gly Pro Gly Gln Gln Gly  
1 5 10 15

Pro Ser Gly Pro Gly Ser Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala  
20 25 30

Gly Pro Gly Gly Tyr  
35

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:50:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 84 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

- (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: -  
 (B) LOCATION: 1..84  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= oligonucleotide  
 /note= "S2 long oligo"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:50:

TCTAGCCCGG GTGGCTATGG TCCTGGACAG CAAGGTCTTG GCGGTTACGG TCCTGGCCAA 60  
 CAGGGTCCCT CTGGTCCAGG CAGT 84

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:51:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 59 base pairs  
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: -  
 (B) LOCATION: 1..59  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= oligonucleotide  
 /note= "S2 short oligo"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:51:

TCCGGACCTG CTGCGCGGC TGCAGCAGCT GCACTGCCTG GACCAGAGGG ACCCTGTTG 59

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:52:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 35 amino acids  
 (B) TYPE: amino acid  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: Peptide  
 (B) LOCATION: 1..35  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= MaSP2\_repeat  
 /note= "basic repeat unit of MaSP2 protein"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:52:

Pro	Gly	Gly	Tyr	Gly	Pro	Gly	Gln	Gly	Pro	Gly	Gly	Tyr	Gly	Pro
1														15
Gly	Gln	Gln	Gly	Pro	Ser	Gly	Pro	Gly	Ser	Ala	Ala	Ala	Ala	Ala
20														30
Ala	Ala	Gly												
		35												

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:53:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 13 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: -
- (B) LOCATION: 1..13
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= enzyme\_site  
/note= "generic recognition site for Sfi I  
restriction enzyme"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:53:

GGCCNNNNNG GCC

13

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:54:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 13 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: -
- (B) LOCATION: 1..13
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= Sfi\_I\_site  
/note= "top strand of synthetic Sfi I/AlwN I  
linker"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:54:

GGCCGCAGCG GCC

13

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:55:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 4 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 1..4
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= linker\_peptide  
/note= "amino acids encoded by Sfi I/AlwN I  
linker"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:55:

Ala Ala Ala Ala  
1

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:56:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: 1..6
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= NBS\_peptides  
/note= "see discussion page 13"

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:56:

Gly Gly Gln Gly Gly Tyr  
1 5

CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

1. A polypeptide having an amino acid sequence comprising repeats of the unit amino acid sequence  
5      RGAAGAAGAGAGAAAGAGAGAGAGAGGGYGGQGGYAGAGAGAGAAAAAGAGAGGGAGGYG.
2. A polypeptide having the amino acid sequence shown in Figure 1.
3. A polypeptide comprising one or more repeats of a unit amino acid repeat sequence selected from the  
10     group consisting of GAAGAGGYGRGAGGGYGGQGGYAGAGAGAGAAAAA,  
          GAGAGGAGGYGRGAGAGAGAAAGAGAGAGGGAGGYGGQGGYAGAGAGAGAAAAA,  
          GAGAGGAGGYGRGAGAGAGAAAGAGAGAGGGAGGYGGQGGYAGAGAGAGAAAAA,  
          GAGSGGAGGYGRGAGAGAGAAAGAGAGAGGGAGGYGGQGGYAGAGAGAGAAAAA,  
          GAGAGGAGGYGRGAGAGAGAGAGAGAAARAGAGAGAGAAAAA,  
15     GAGAGGAGGYGRGAGAGAGAGAGAAARAGAGAGGG,  
          GAGAGGAGGYGRGAGAGAGAAAGAGAGAGGGYGGQSGYAGAGAGAAAAA,  
          GAGAGGAGGYGRGAGAGAGAAAGAGAGAGGGAGGYGGQGGYAGAGAGAGAAAAA,  
          GAGAGGAGGYGRGAGAGAGAAAGAGAGAGGGAGGYGGQGGYAGAGAGAGAAAAA,  
          TGAGGAGGYGRGAGAGAGAAAGAGAGAGTGGAGYGGQGGYAGAGAGAGAAAAA,  
20     GAGAGGAGYGRGAGAGAGAAAGAGAGAAAGAGAGAGGGYGGQG  
          GYAGAGARAGAAAAA,  
          GAGAGGAAGYSRGGRAGAAGAGAGAAAGAGAGAGGGYGGQGGYAGAGAGAGAAAAA,  
          GAGSGGAGGYGRGAGAGAAAGAGAGAAAGAGAGAGGGAGGYGGQGGYAGAGAGAGAAAAA, and  
          GAGAGRGGYGRGAGAGAGGGYGGQGGYAGAGAGAGAAAAA.
- 25     4. A polypeptide according to claim 3, wherein all repeats are of the same unit amino acid repeat sequence.

5. A polypeptide according to claim 3 further comprising an amino terminal polypeptide having the amino acid sequence

N N L L F A V S G Y V S T L G N A I S D A S A Y A N A L  
5 S S A I G N V L A N S G S I S E S T A S S A A S S A A S  
S V T T T  
L T S Y G P A V F Y A P S A S S G G Y G A G A G A V A A  
A G A A G A G G Y G R G A G G Y G G Q G G Y G A G A G A  
G A A A A A G A G A G G A G G Y G R G A G A G A G A A A  
10 G A G A G A G G A.

6. A polypeptide according to claim 3 further comprising an amino terminal polypeptide having the amino acid sequence

S Y G P S V F Y T P T S A G S Y G A G A G A F G A G A S  
15 A G V G A G A G T V A G Y G G Q G G Y G A G A G S A G G  
Y G R G T G A G A A A G A G A G A T A G A G A G A A A G  
A G A G A G.

7. A polypeptide according to claim 3 further comprising a carboxy terminal polypeptide having the amino acid sequence

20 D K E I A C W S R C R Y T V A S T T S R L S S A E A S S  
R I S S A A S T L V S G G Y L N T A A L P S V I S D L F  
A Q V G A S  
S P V I R Q R S L I Q V L L E I V S S L I H I L S S S S  
25 V G W V D F S S V G S S A A A V G Q S M Q V V M G.

8. A polypeptide according to claim 3 further comprising a carboxy terminal polypeptide having the amino acid sequence

20 G G Y A S T G V G I G S T V T S T T S R L S S A E A C S  
R I S A A A S T L V S G G S L N T A A L P S V I S D L F  
A Q V S A S S P G V S G N E V L I Q V L L E I V S S L I  
H I L S S S S V G Q V D F S S V G S S A A A V G Q S M Q  
V V M G.

9. A polypeptide according to claim 5 further comprising a carboxy terminal polypeptide having the amino acid sequence

D K E I A C W S R C R Y T V A S T T S R L S S A E A S S  
5 R I S S A A S T L V S G G Y L N T A A L P S V I S D L F  
A Q V G A S

S P V I R Q R S L I Q V L L E I V S S L I H I L S S S S  
V G W V D F S S V G S S A A A V G Q S M Q V V M G.

10. A polypeptide according to claim 5 further comprising a carboxy terminal polypeptide having the amino acid sequence

10 G G Y A S T G V G I G S T V T S T T S R L S S A E A C S  
R I S A A A S T L V S G G S L N T A A L P S V I S D L F  
A Q V S A S S P G V S G N E V L I Q V L L E I V S S L I  
15 H I L S S S S V G Q V D F S S V G S S A A A V G Q S M Q  
V V M G.

11. An isolated DNA molecule encoding a polypeptide of any one of claims 1, 3 and 10.

12. An isolated DNA molecule having the nucleotide sequence of Figure 1.

13. A fiber comprising an aggregate of polypeptides according to any one of claims 1 through 10.

14. A fiber comprising an aggregate of polypeptides according to claim 7 and polypeptides according to claim 8.

15. A fiber comprising an aggregate of polypeptides according to claim 9 and polypeptides according to claim 10.

16. A host cell transformed with a DNA according to any one of claim 11.

17. A host cell transformed with a DNA according to claim 12.

5 18. A polypeptide comprising repeats of an amino acid sequence having the generic formula



where X is tyrosine, glutamine or alanine and where l = 1 to 6, m = 0 to 4 and n = 1 to 4.

10 19. An isolated DNA molecule encoding a polypeptide of claim 18.

20. A host cell transformed with a DNA molecule according to claim 19.

15 21. A polypeptide comprising repeats of an amino acid sequence having the generic formula:



where X is tyrosine, glutamine or alanine and where l = 1 to 6, m = 0 to 4 and n = 1 to 4.

20 22. An isolated DNA molecule encoding a polypeptide of claim 21.

23. A host cell transformed with a DNA molecule according to claim 22.

25 24. An isolated DNA molecule comprising a polynucleotide that will hybridize to a DNA molecule having the sequence of Figure 1A-1F under conditions obtained by a solution of 6X SSC or SSPE, 5X Denhardt's solution, 0.5% SDS at a temperature of about 68°C, or under conditions obtained by the said solution that is made 50% in formamide at a temperature of about 42°C.

	10	20	30	40	50				
*	*	*	*	*	*				
ACATA	CTAGG	TTTGG	TGCCG	GAGCT	GGAGC	TGGTA	CGTCT	GTGCA	GAAAT
	60	70	80	90	100				
*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
ACTTT	GCACA	TCACT	TCTCC	AATTG	CTTCT	CGGGT	ATTTG	TCAAA	TGATT
	110	120	130	140	150				
*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
AGTTC	TACAA	CTTCT	ACTGA	TCATG	CAGTA	AGTGT	TGCTA	CGAGC	GTTGC
	160	170	180	190					
*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
GCTGA	AGTCA	GCTTG	GACTT	GATGC	AAATG	CT	ATG	AAC	AAC
	M	N	N	L	L>				
	200	210	220	230	240				
*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
GGT	GCC	GTT	AGT	GGA	TAT	GTT	TCG	ACA	CTA
G	A	V	S	G	Y	V	S	T	L
	G	N	A	I	S>				
	250	260	270	280					
*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
GAT	GCT	TCG	GCA	TAC	GCA	AAT	GCT	CTT	TCT
D	A	S	A	Y	A	N	A	L	S
	G	N	A	I	G	N>			
	290	300	310	320	330				
*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
GTG	TTA	GCT	AAT	TCC	GGT	TCA	ATT	AGC	GAA
V	L	A	N	S	G	S	I	S	E
	T	A	S	T	S	T	S	T	S>
	340	350	360	370					
*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
GCT	GCT	TCC	AGT	GCT	GCT	TCT	TCA	GTC	ACT
A	A	S	S	A	A	S	S	V	T
	A	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	L
									T
									S>
	380	390	400	410	420				
*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
TAT	GGA	CCA	GCT	GTA	TTT	TAC	GCA	CCT	TCT
Y	G	P	A	V	F	Y	A	P	S
	S	A	S	A	S	A	S	A	S
									G>
	430	440	450	460					
*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
TAT	GGA	GCT	GGA	GCT	GGA	GCT	GTT	GCT	GCA
Y	G	A	G	A	G	A	V	A	A
									G>
	470	480	490	500	510				
*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
GCT	GGA	GGT	TAC	GGA	AGA	GGT	GCT	GGA	GGC
A	G	G	Y	G	R	G	A	G	G
									G>

FIG. 1A

520	530	540	550											
*	*	*	*	*										
GGA	TAT	GGT	GCC	GGA	GCC	GGA	GCT	GGT	GCT	GCT	GCA	GCT	GCT	GGA
G	Y	G	A	G	A	G	A	G	A	A	A	A	A	G>
560	570	580	590	600										
*	*	*	*	*										
GCA	GGA	GCC	GGA	GGC	GCT	GGT	GGT	TAC	GGT	AGA	GGT	GCT	GGT	GCT
A	G	A	G	G	A	G	G	Y	G	R	G	A	G	A>
610	620	630	640											
*	*	*	*											
GGA	GCT	GGT	GCG	GCT	GCT	GGG	GCA	GGT	GCA	GGC	GCC	GGT	GGT	GCT
G	A	G	A	A	A	G	A	G	A	G	A	G	G	A>
650	660	670	680	690										
*	*	*	*	*										
GGA	TAT	GGT	GGA	CAA	GGC	GGA	TAT	GGT	GCC	GGA	GCA	GGA	GCT	GGT
G	Y	G	G	Q	G	G	Y	G	A	G	A	G	A	G>
700	710	720	730											
*	*	*	*											
GCG	GCT	GCT	GCT	GGT	GCA	GGA	GCA	GGA	GGT	GCT	GCC	GGT	TAC	
A	A	A	A	A	G	A	G	A	G	G	A	G	G	Y>
740	750	760	770	780										
*	*	*	*	*										
GGT	AGA	GGT	GCT	GGT	GCT	GGA	GCA	GGA	GCC	GCT	GCG	GGT	GCT	GGA
G	R	G	A	G	A	G	A	G	A	A	A	G	A	G>
790	800	810	820											
*	*	*	*											
GCT	GGA	GGC	TAC	GGT	GGT	CAA	GGT	GGG	TAC	GGT	GCC	GGA	GCA	GGA
A	G	G	Y	G	G	Q	G	G	Y	G	A	G	A	G>
830	840	850	860	870										
*	*	*	*	*										
GCT	GGT	GCG	GCT	GCT	GCT	GCT	GGA	GCA	GGA	TCT	GGA	GGC	GCT	
A	G	A	A	A	A	A	A	G	A	G	S	G	G	A>
880	890	900	910											
*	*	*	*											
GGC	GGT	TAC	GGT	AGA	GGT	GCT	GGT	GCT	GGA	GCT	GGA	GCC	GCT	GCA
G	G	Y	G	R	G	A	G	A	G	A	G	A	A	A>
920	930	940	950	960										
*	*	*	*	*										
GGT	GCA	GGA	GCA	GGA	GCT	GGA	AGC	TAC	GGT	GGT	CAA	GGA	TAC	GGT
G	A	G	A	G	A	G	S	Y	G	G	Q	G	Y	G>
970	980	990	1000											
*	*	*	*											
GCC	GGA	GCA	GGA	GCT	GGT	GCT	GCT	GCA	GCT	GCA	NNN	NNN	NNN	NNN
A	G	A	G	A	G	A	A	A	A	A				

FIG. 1B

1010	1020	1030	1040	
*	*	*	*	*
NNN	NNN	NNN	NNN	GGT GCA GGT GCA
				G A G A >
1050	1060	1070	1080	1090
*	*	*	*	*
GGT GCT GGA TAT GGT GGA CAA GGC GGA TAT GGT GCC GGA GCA GGA				
G A G Y G G Q G G Y G A G A G A >				
1100	1110	1120	1130	
*	*	*	*	*
GCT GGT GCG GCT GCT GCT GGT GCA GGA GCT GGA GGT GCT GGT GCT GGT				
A G A A A A G A G A G G A A G >				
1140	1150	1160	1170	1180
*	*	*	*	*
GGT TAC GGT AGA GGT GCT GGT GCT GGA GCT GGA GCC GCT GCA GGT				
G Y G R G A G A G A G A A A G >				
1190	1200	1210	1220	
*	*	*	*	*
GCA GGA GCA GGA GCT GGA GGC TAC GGT GGT CAA AGT GGA TAC GGT				
A G A G A G G G Y G G Q S G Y G >				
1230	1240	1250	1260	1270
*	*	*	*	*
GCC GGA GCA GGA GCT GCT GCA GCT GCT GGA GCA GGA GCT GGA GGC				
A G A G A A A A A G A G A G G >				
1280	1290	1300	1310	
*	*	*	*	*
GCT GGT GGT TAC GGT GA GGT GCT GGT GCT GGA GCA GGA GCC GCT				
A G G Y G R G A G A G A G A >				
1320	1330	1340	1350	1360
*	*	*	*	*
GCG GGT GCT GGA GCA GGA GCC GCT GCG GGT GCA GGA GCT GGA GGC				
A G A G A G A A A G A G A G G >				
1370	1380	1390	1400	
*	*	*	*	*
TAC GGT GGT CAA GGT GGG TAC GGT GCC GGT GCA GGA GCT GGT GCG				
Y G G Q G G Y G A G A G A G A >				
1410	1420	1430	1440	1450
*	*	*	*	*
GCT GCT GCT GCT GGA GCA GGA GCT GGA GGC GCT GGT GGT TAC GGT				
A A A A G A G A G G A G G Y G >				
1460	1470	1480	1490	
*	*	*	*	*
AGA GGT GCT GGT GCT GGA GCT GGA GCT GCT GCA GGC GCA GGA GCT				
R G A G A G A G A A A G A G A >				

FIG. 1C

1500	1510	1520	1530	1540
*	*	*	*	*
GGA	GGC	TAC	GGT	GCT
G	G	Y	G	G
1550	1560	1570	1580	
*	*	*	*	*
GGT	GCT	GCT	GCA	GCT
G	A	A	A	A
1590	1600	1610	1620	1630
*	*	*	*	*
TAC	GGT	AGA	GGT	GCT
Y	G	R	G	A
1640	1650	1660	1670	
*	*	*	*	*
GGT	GCA	GGC	ACC	GGT
G	A	G	T	G
1680	1690	1700	1710	1720
*	*	*	*	*
GGT	GCC	GGA	GCA	GGA
G	A	G	A	G
1730	1740	1750	1760	
*	*	*	*	*
GCA	GGA	GGT	GCT	GGT
A	G	G	A	G
1770	1780	1790	1800	1810
*	*	*	*	*
GCT	GCT	GCA	GGT	GCT
A	A	A	G	A
1820	1830	1840	1850	
*	*	*	*	*
GGA	GCT	GGA	GGC	TAC
G	A	G	G	Y
1860	1870	1880	1890	1900
*	*	*	*	*
AGA	GCT	GGT	GCT	GCG
R	A	G	A	A
1910	1920	1930	1940	
*	*	*	*	*
GCG	GGT	TAC	AGT	AGA
A	G	Y	S	R
1950	1960	1970	1980	1990
*	*	*	*	*
GCT	GGA	GCC	GCT	GCA
A	G	A	A	A

2000	2010	2020	2030
GGT CAA GGT GGA TAC GGT GCC GGA GCA GGA GCT GGT GCT GCT GCA G Q G G Y G A G A G A G A G A A A >			
2040	2050	2060	2070
GCT GCT GGT GCA GGA TCC GGA GGC GCT GGT GGT TAC GGT AGA GGT A A G A G S G G A G G Y G R G >			2080
2090	2100	2110	2120
GCT GGT GCT GGA GCC GCT GCA GGA GCT GGA GCC GCT GCA GGT GCT A G A G A A A G A G A A A G A G A G A >			
2130	2140	2150	2160
GGA GCA GGA GCT GGA GGC TAC GGT GGT CAA GGT GGA TAC GGT GCC G A G A G G Y G G Q G G Y G A >			2170
2180	2190	2200	2210
GGA GCA GGA GCT GCT GCA GCT GCT GGA GCA GGA GCC GGA CGT GGA G A G A A A A A G A G A G R G >			
2220	2230	2240	2250
GGT TAC GGA AGA GGT GCT GGT GCT GGA GGC TAC GGT GGA CAA GGA G Y G R G A G A G G Y G G Q G >			2260
2270	2280	2290	2300
GGA TAT GGT GCC GGA GCT GGA GCC GGT GCT GCT GCA GCT GCT GGA G Y G A G A G A G A A A A A G >			
2310	2320	2330	2340
GCG GGA GCC GGA GGC TAT GGC GAC AAG GAG ATA GCC TGC TGG AGC A G A G G Y G D K E I A C W S >			2350
2360	2370	2380	2390
AGG TGT AGA TAC ACT GTT GCC TCC ACA ACA TCT CGT TTG AGT TCG R C R Y T V A S T T S R L S S >			
2400	2410	2420	2430
GCC GAA GCA TCT TCT AGG ATA TCG TCG GCG GCT TCC ACT TTA GTA A E A S S R I S S A A S T L V >			2440
2450	2460	2470	2480
TCT GGA GGT TAC TTG AAT ACA GCA GCT CTG CCA TCG GTT ATT TCG S G G Y L N T A A L P S V I S >			

FIG. 1E

2490	2500	2510	2520	2530										
*	*	*	*	*										
GAT	CTT	TTT	GCC	CAA	GTT	GGT	GCA	TCT	TCT	CCG	GTG	ATC	AGA	CAG
D	L	F	A	Q	V	G	A	S	S	P	V	I	R	Q>
2540	2550	2560	2570											
*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
CGA	AGT	TTG	ATC	CAA	GTT	TTG	TTG	GAA	ATT	GTT	TCT	TCT	CTT	ATC
R	S	L	I	Q	V	L	L	E	I	V	S	S	L	I>
2580	2590	2600	2610	2620										
*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
CAT	ATT	CTC	AGT	TCT	TCT	AGC	GTA	GGA	CAA	GTC	GAT	TTC	AGT	TCG
H	I	L	S	S	S	V	G	Q	V	D	F	S	S>	
2630	2640	2650	2660											
*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
GTT	GGG	TCG	TCT	GCT	GCA	GCT	GTT	GGT	CAA	TCC	ATG	CAA	GTT	GTA
V	G	S	S	A	A	A	V	G	Q	S	M	Q	V	V>
2670	2680	2690	2700	2710										
*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
ATG	GGC	TAA	ACAT	GATGG	TTCTC	TCAAT	TATGT	ATTCT	TTAAT	TACCG				
M	G	*>												
2720	2730	2740	2750	2760										
*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
CTAAG	GTAGC	AAAAT	ATTGT	AAAGT	AAAGT	TTTCT	TACAA	AATAA	AAATT					
2770	2780	2790												
*	*	*	*	*	*									
CTTTT	CTGCA	AAAAA	AAAAA	AAAAA	AA									

FIG. 1F

	10	20	30	40										
*	*	*	*	*	*									
TCT	TAT	GGA	CCA	TCC	GTA	TTT	TAC	ACT	CCT	ACT	TCA	GCT	GGA	AGC
S	Y	G	P	S	V	F	Y	T	P	T	S	A	G	S>
	50	60			70				80				90	
*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
TAT	GGT	GCA	GGG	GCC	GGA	GGT	TTT	GGA	GCT	GGA	GCC	TCT	GCT	GGT
Y	G	A	G	A	G	G	F	G	A	G	A	S	A	G>
	100	110			120				130					
*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
GTC	GGA	GCC	GGG	GCT	GGT	ACT	GTA	GCA	GGA	TAT	GGT	GGA	CAA	GGA
V	G	A	G	A	G	T	V	A	G	Y	G	G	Q	G>
	140	150			160				170				180	
*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
GGA	TAT	GGT	GCC	GGG	AGC	GCT	GGA	GGT	TAT	GGA	AGA	GGT	ACT	GGA
G	Y	G	A	G	S	A	G	G	Y	G	R	G	T	G>
	190	200			210				220					
*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
GCT	GGA	GCC	GCT	GCT	GGT	GCC	GGA	GCA	GGA	GCC	ACT	GCT	GGT	GCC
A	G	A	A	A	G	A	G	A	G	A	T	A	G	A>
	230	240			250				260				270	
*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
GGA	GCA	GGA	GCC	GCT	GCT	GGT	GCC	GGA	GCA	GGA	GCA	GGT	AAT	TCA
G	A	G	A	A	A	G	A	G	A	G	A	G	N	S>
	280	290			300									
*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
GGA	GGA	TAT	AGT	GCC	GGA	GTA	GGA	GTT	GGT	GCT	GCA	GCT		
G	G	Y	S	A	G	V	G	V	G	A	A	A	A>	

FIG. 2A

	10	20	30	40										
*	*	*	*	*										
CT	GCA	GCT	GCT	GGA	GGA	GGA	GCC	GGA	ACT	GTT	GGA	GGT	TAC	GGA
A	A	A	G	G	G	A	A	G	T	V	G	G	Y'	G>
*	50	60	70	80										
AGA	GGT	GCT	GGT	GTA	GGA	GCA	GGT	GCC	GCT	GCT	GGT	TTT	GCG	GCA
R	G	A	G	V	G	A	G	A	A	A	G	F	A	A>
90	100	110	120	130										
*	*	*	*	*										
GGA	GCT	GGT	GGT	GCT	GGA	GGC	TAC	AGA	AGA	GAT	GGA	GGA	TAC	GGT
G	A	G	G	A	G	G	Y	R	R	D	G	G	Y	G>
*	140	150	160											
GCT	GGA	GCA	GGA	GCT	GGA	GCT	GCT	GCA	GCT	G				
A	G	A	G	A	G	A	A	A	A	X>				

FIG. 2B

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	10	20	30	40										
GGT	GCA	GGA	GGC	TAT	GGA	AGA	GGT	GCT	GGA	GCT	GCT	GCT	GCA	
G	A	G	G	Y	G	R	G	A	G	A	G	A	A	
	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
	50	60	70	80									90	
GTC	GCA	GGT	GCA	GAT	GCT	GGT	GGC	TAT	GGA	AGA	AAT	TAT	GGT	GCT
V	A	G	A	D	A	G	G	Y	G	R	N	Y	G	A
	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
	100	110	120	130										
GGA	ACC	ACT	GCT	TAT	GCA	GGA	GCC	AGA	GCC	GGT	GGT	GCT	GGA	GGC
G	T	T	A	Y	A	G	A	R	A	G	G	A	G	G
	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
	140	150	160	170									180	
TAT	GGC	GGA	CAA	GGA	GGA	TAT	TCT	TCT	GGA	GCC	GGT	GCT	GCT	GCA
Y	G	G	Q	G	G	Y	S	S	G	A	G	A	A	A
	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
	190	200	210	220										
GCT	TCT	GGA	GCA	GGA	GCC	GAT	ATC	ACT	AGT	GGA	TAC	GGA	AGA	GGT
A	S	G	A	G	A	D	I	T	S	G	Y	G	R	G
	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
	230	240	250	260									270	
GTT	GGT	GCT	GGA	GCT	GGA	GCA	GAA	ACT	ATA	GGT	GCT	GGA	GGC	TAT
V	G	A	G	A	G	A	E	T	I	G	A	G	G	Y
	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
	280	290	300	310										
GGA	GGT	GGG	GCT	GGA	TCA	GGA	GCA	CGT	GCG	GCT	TCA	GCA	TCC	GGA
G	G	G	A	G	S	G	A	R	A	A	S	A	S	G
	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
	320	330	340	350									360	
GCT	GGT	ACT	GGA	TAT	GGT	TCG	TCT	GGA	GGT	TAT	AAC	GTA	GGT	ACC
A	G	T	G	Y	G	S	S	G	G	Y	N	V	G	T
	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
	370	380	390	400										
GGA	ATA	AGT	ACT	TCT	TCT	GGC	GCT	GCA	TCT	AGC	TAC	TCT	GTT	TCT
G	I	S	T	S	S	G	A	A	S	S	Y	S	V	S
	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
	410	420	430	440									450	
GCT	GGA	GGT	TAT	GCT	TCA	ACA	GGT	GTT	GGT	ATT	GGA	TCC	ACT	GTT
A	G	G	Y	A	S	T	G	V	G	I	G	S	T	V
	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
	460	470	480	490										
ACA	TCC	ACA	ACA	TCT	CGT	TTG	AGT	TCT	GCT	GAA	GCA	TGT	TCT	AGA
T	S	T	T	S	R	L	S	S	A	E	A	C	S	R
	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

FIG. 2C

500	510	520	530	540										
*	*	*	*	*										
ATA	TCT	GCT	GCG	GCT	TCC	ACT	TTA	GTA	TCT	GGA	TCC	TTG	AAT	ACT
I	S	A	A	A	S	T	L	V	S	G	S	L	N	T>
550	560	570	580											
*	*	*	*											
GCA	GCT	TTA	CCA	TCT	GTA	ATT	TCG	GAT	CTT	TTT	GCC	CAA	GTT	AGT
A	A	L	P	S	V	I	S	D	L	F	A	Q	V	S>
590	600	610	620	630										
*	*	*	*	*										
GCA	TCA	TCA	CCC	GGG	GTA	TCA	GGT	AAC	GAA	GTT	TTG	ATT	CAA	GTT
A	S	S	P	G	V	S	G	N	E	V	L	I	Q	V>
640	650	660	670											
*	*	*	*											
TTG	TTG	GAA	ATT	GTT	TCT	TCT	CTT	ATC	CAT	ATT	CTT	AGT	TCT	TCT
L	L	E	I	V	S	S	L	I	H	I	L	S	S	S>
680	690	700	710	720										
*	*	*	*	*										
AGT	GTA	GGG	CAA	GTA	GAT	TTC	AGT	TCT	GTT	GGT	TCA	TCT	GCT	GCA
S	V	G	Q	V	D	F	S	S	V	G	S	S	A	A>
730	740	750	760											
*	*	*	*											
GCC	GTT	GGT	CAA	TCC	ATG	CAA	GTT	GTA	ATG	GGT	TAA	AACA	AAATG	
A	V	G	Q	S	M	Q	V	V	M	G	*>			
770	780	790	800	810										
*	*	*	*	*										
GCTCT	CTCTC	TGTTA	TATGC	ATTCT	GTAAT	TTCTT	CTAAA	CTATT	AAAAT					
820	830	840	850	860										
*	*	*	*	*										
AATGT	AATAA	TTTCC	TGCAT	AAATA	AAAAT	ATTTT	TCTGC	AAAAA	AAAAA					
870														
*														
AAAAA														

FIG. 2D

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FIG. 3A

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	10	20	30	40											
*	*	*	*	*	*										
GGA	GCT	GCT	GGT	GCA	GGA	GCC	GGA	GCA	GGT	AGT	ACA	GGA	GGC	TTT	
G	A	A	A	G	A	G	A	G	S	T	G	G	G	F>	
50	60	70	80	90											
*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
GGC	GGA	CAA	GGA	GGA	TAT	GGT	GCC	GGT	GCA	GGA	GCT	GCA	GCT	GCT	GGA
G	G	Q	G	G	Y	G	A	G	A	G	A	A	A	A	G>
100	110	120	130	140											
*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
GCT	TTT	GCC	GGA	AGA	GCT	GGG	GGT	TAC	GGA	AGA	GCT	GCT	GGA	GCT	GCG
A	F	A	G	R	A	G	G	Y	G	R	A	A	G	A	A>
150	160	170	180	190											
*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
GCT	GGA	ACT	GGA	GCT	GCT	GGT	GCA	GGA	GCC	GGA	GCT	GGT	AGT	ACA	
A	G	T	G	A	A	A	G	A	G	A	G	A	G	S	T>
200	210	220	230	240											
*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
GGA	GGC	TTT	GGC	GGA	CAA	AGA	GGA	TAC	GGT	GCC	GGC	AGA	AGT	AAT	GGA
G	G	F	G	G	Q	R	G	Y	G	A	G	R	S	N	G>

FIG. 3B

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	10	20	30	40													
*	*	*	*	*	*												
TAT	GGT	GGA	CAA	GGC	GGA	TAT	GGT	GCT	GGA	GCA	GGA	GCT	GGT	GCT	GCT	GCT	
Y	G	G	Q	G	G	Y	G	A	G	A	G	A	G	A	G	A	A>
50	60	70	80	90													
*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
GCA	GCC	GCA	GGA	TAT	GGA	GCC	GGT	GCT	GGA	GGA	TAC	GGT	GGA	CAA	GCT		
A	A	A	G	Y	G	A	G	A	G	G	Y	G	G	Q	A	A>	
	100	110	120	130	140												
*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
GGT	TAT	GGT	GCC	GGA	GCT	GGA	GCT	GGT	AGT	TCT	GCA	GGA	AAT	GCT	TTC		
G	Y	G	A	G	A	G	A	G	S	S	A	G	N	A	F>		

FIG. 3C

N-TERMINI: MisP1 vs. MisP2

MisP1	M N N L L F A V S G Y V S T L G N A I S D A S A Y A N A L S S A I G N V L A N S G S I S E S T A S S A A S S
MisP2	
MisP1	Λ Λ S S V T T T L T S Y G P A V F Y A P S A S S G G Y G A G A G A V A A A G A A G G Y G R G A G G Y G G G
MisP2	... S Y G P S V F Y T P - T S A G S Y G A G A G A F G A G A G A S A G V G A G A G T V A G Y G G
MisP1	Q G G Y G A G A G A G A A A A G A G A G G A G G Y G R G A G A G A G A G A G G A G G A ...
MisP2	Q G G Y G A G A G S A G G Y G R G T G A G A A A G A G A G A T A G A G A G A G A G A G A G A G ...

C-TERMINI: MisP1 vs. MisP2

MisP1	D K E I A C W S R C R Y T V A S T T S R L S S A E A S S R I S S A A S T L V S S G G Y L N T A A L P S V I S D
MisP2	G G Y A S T G V G I G S T V T S T T S R L S S A E A C S R I S S A A S T L V S S G G S L N T A A L P S V I S D
MisP1	L F A Q V G A S S P - V I R Q R S L I Q V L L E I V S S L I H I L S S S V G W V D F S S V G S S A A A V G
MisP2	L F A Q V S A S S P G V S G N E V L I Q V L L E I V S S L I H I L S S S V G Q V D F S S V G S S A A A V G
MisP1	O S M Q V V M G Stop
MisP2	Q S M Q V V M G Stop

FIG. 4

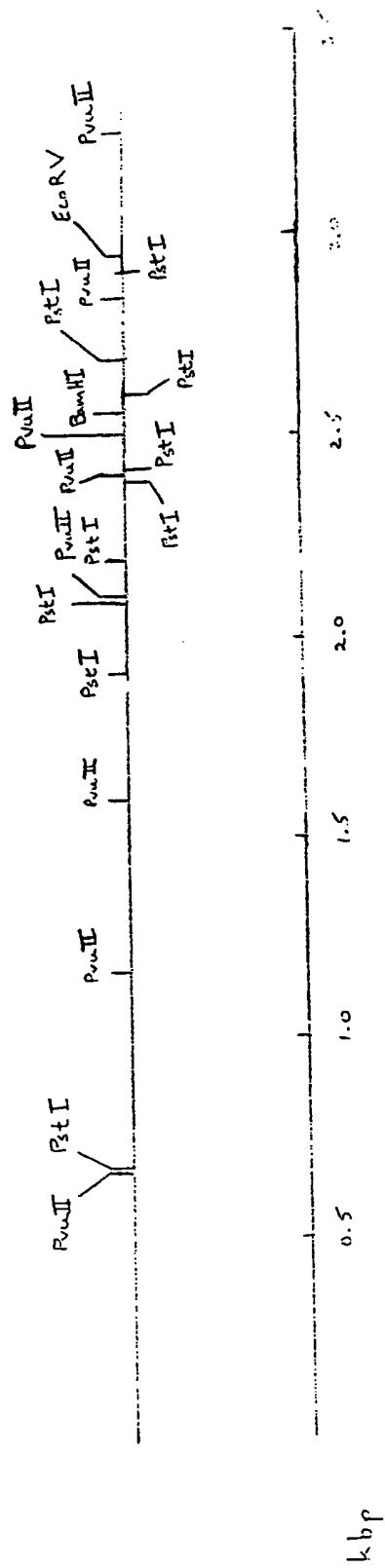


Fig. 5

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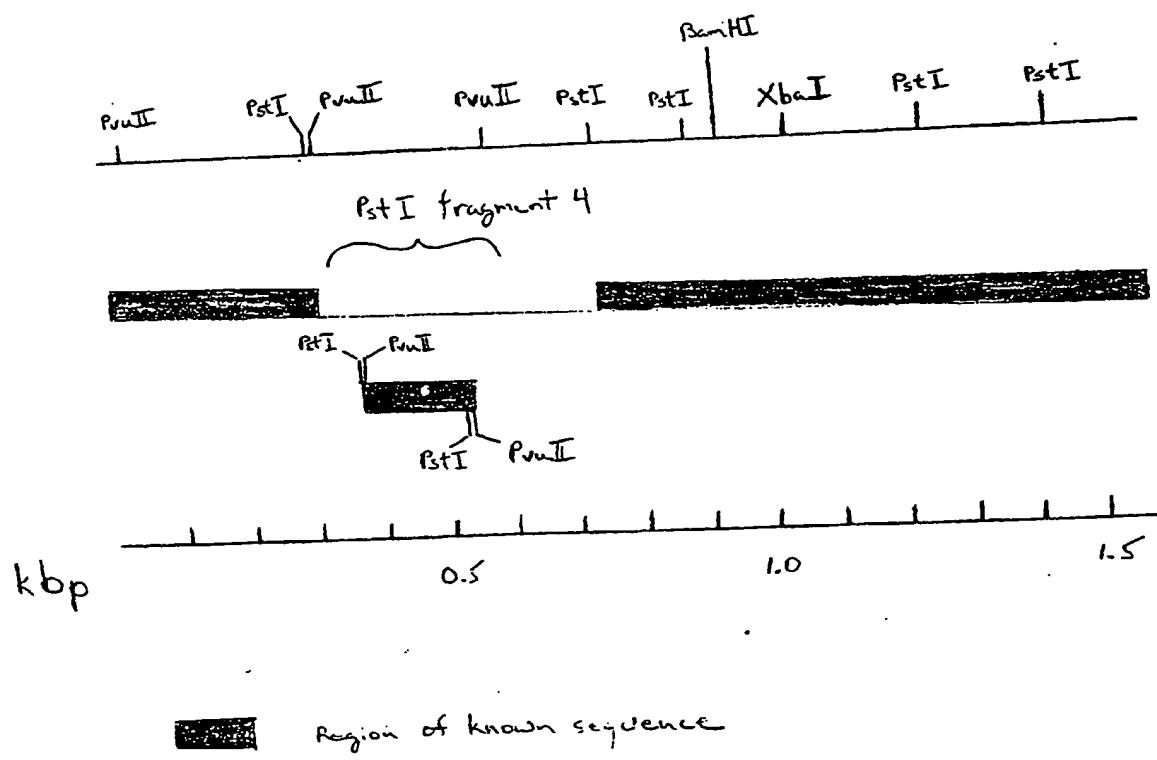


Fig. 6

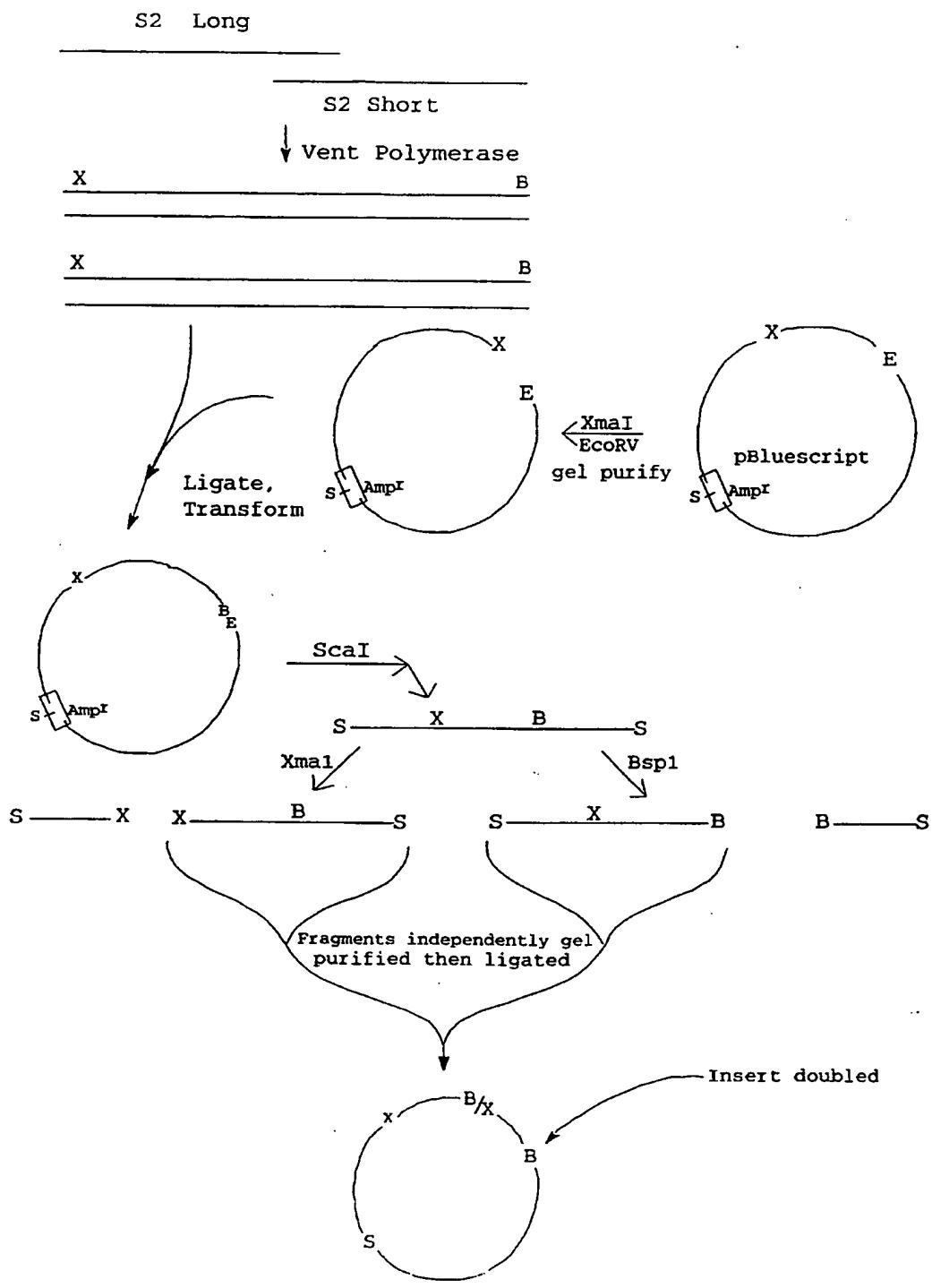


Fig. 7

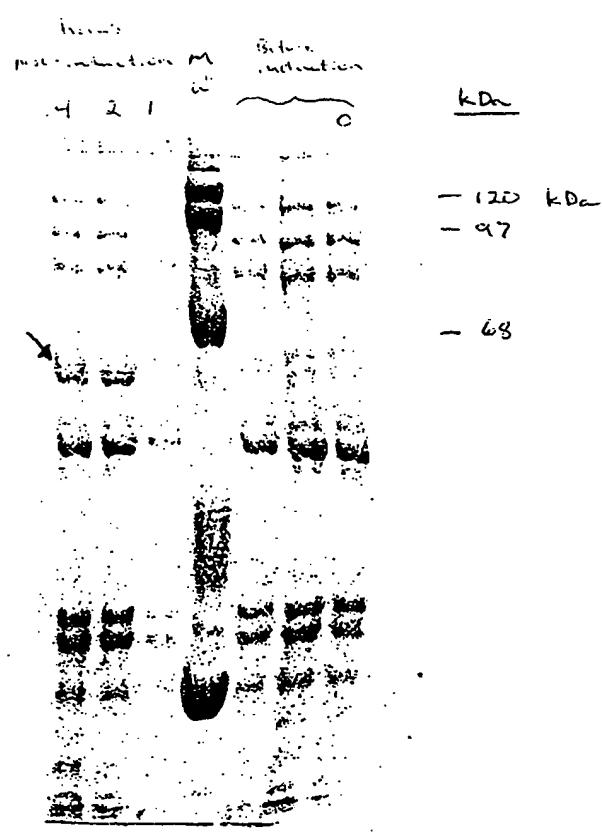


Fig. 8A

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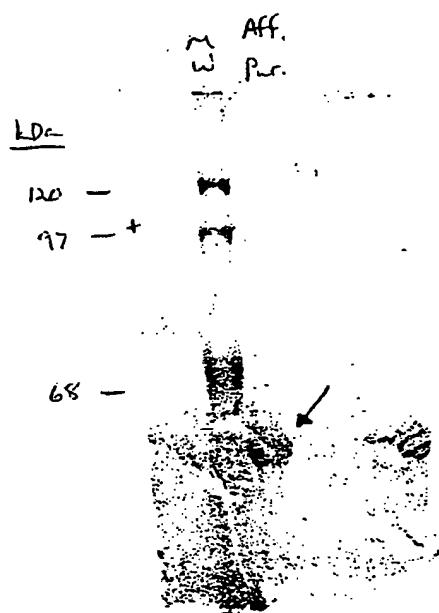


Fig. 8B

## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Internal Application No  
PCT/US 95/03139A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER  
IPC 6 C12N15/12 C07K14/435 C12N1/19 C12N1/21 D01F4/00

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

## B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)  
IPC 6 C12N C07K D01F

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

## C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	EP,A,0 452 925 (THE UNIVERSITY OF WYOMING) 23 October 1991	21-23
A	see page 3, line 20 - line 31 see page 3, line 58 - page 4, line 25; table 1 see page 7, line 15 - line 27 see page 10, line 54 - page 11, line 4 see page 11, line 28 - page 12, line 8; examples 3-8 ---- -/-	1-20,24

 Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C. Patent family members are listed in annex.

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3 Date of the actual completion of the international search

14 July 1995

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07.08.95

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## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Internat'l Application No  
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Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	PROCEEDINGS OF THE NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES OF USA, vol. 87, no. 18, September 1990 WASHINGTON US, pages 7120-7124, MING XU ET AL. 'Structure of a protein superfiber: Spider dragline silk'	21-23
A	see abstract see page 7121, right column, paragraph 3 - page 7123, left column, paragraph 3; figures 2,3 -----	1-20,24
X	MATER. RES. SOC. SYMP. PROC. (1993), 292, (BIOMOLECULAR MATERIALS), 25-34 CODEN: MRSPDH; ISSN: 0272-9172, 1993	21-23
A	HINMAN, MIKE ET AL 'Spider silk proteins' see page 30, paragraph 2 - page 33, paragraph 1; figures 1,2 -----	1-20,24

**INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT**

Information on patent family members

International Application No

PCT/US 95/03139

Patent document cited in search report	Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
EP-A-452925	23-10-91	JP-A- 6098771	12-04-94

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